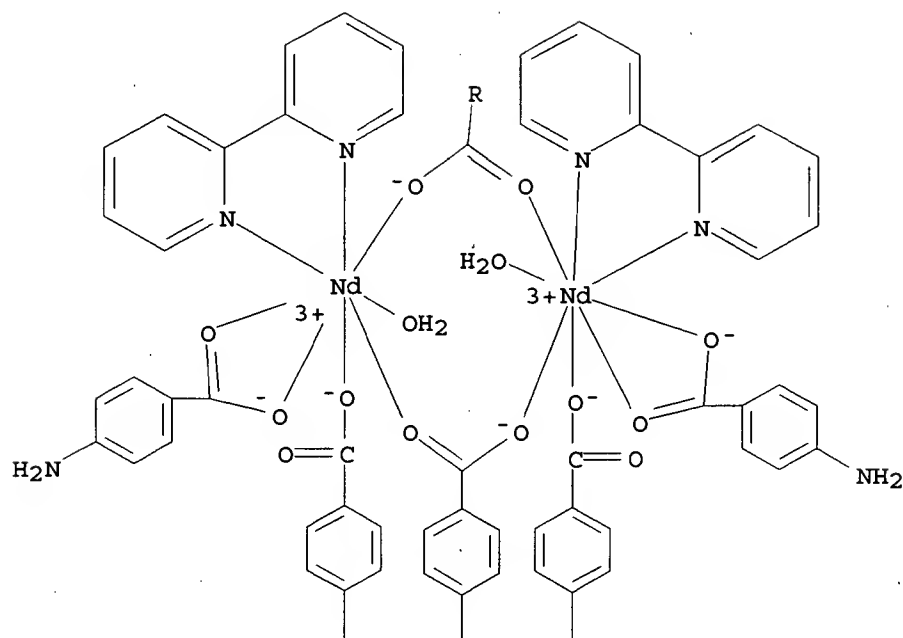
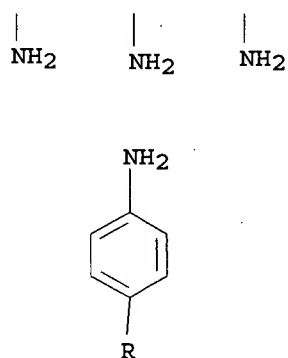


(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



● 2 H<sub>2</sub>O

IT 172917-91-8P

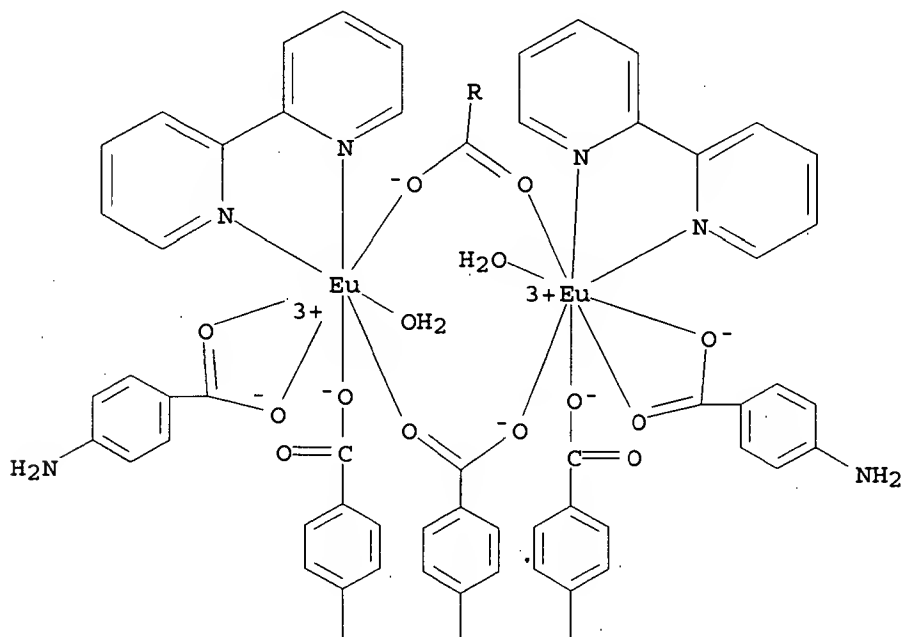
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn., crystal structure, **fluorescence** and Raman spectra  
of)

KOROMA EIC1700

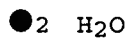
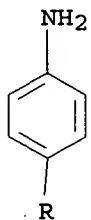
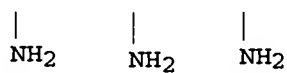
RN 172917-91-8 CAPLUS

CN Europium, bis[.mu.-(4-aminobenzoato-O,O')]bis(4-aminobenzoato-O)bis(4-aminobenzoato-O,O')diaquabis(2,2'-bipyridine-N,N')di-, dihydrate (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

KOROMA EIC1700

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 75

- ST crystal structure lanthanide aminobenzoate bipyridine complex; rare earth aminobenzoate bipyridine complex prepn; neodymium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex prepn structure; europium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex prepn structure; ytterbium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex prepn structure; Raman neodymium europium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex; fluorescence europium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex
- IT Rare earth compounds  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(aminobenzoate bipyridine complexes; prepn. and crystal structure of)
- IT Fluorescence  
(of europium aminobenzoate bipyridine complex)
- IT Raman spectra  
(of europium and neodymium aminobenzoate bipyridine complexes)
- IT Crystal structure  
Molecular structure  
(of rare earth aminobenzoate bipyridine complexes)
- IT 150-13-0, 4-Aminobenzoic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(for prepn. of rare earth aminobenzoate bipyridine complexes)
- IT 172917-92-9P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and crystal structure of)
- IT 172917-90-7P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn., crystal structure and Raman spectrum of)
- IT 172917-91-8P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn., crystal structure, **fluorescence** and Raman spectra  
of)

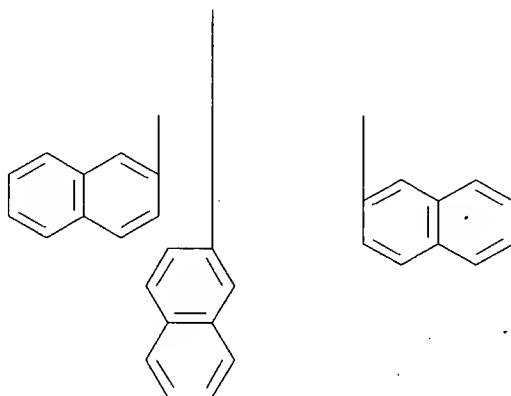
L30 ANSWER 14 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:686148 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:213856  
TITLE: Crystal structure and spectra of Eu(.beta.-NMA)<sub>3</sub>(PHEN)  
AUTHOR(S): Li, Lin-Shu; Wang, Rui-Fen; Jin, Lin-Pei; Cai, Guan-Liang  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Chemistry, Hebei Teachers' College, Shijiazhuang, 050091, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao (1995), 16(4), 500-4  
CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790  
PUBLISHER: Gaodeng Jiaoyu Chubanshe  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB The title compd., where HNMA = naphthylformic acid and PHEN = phenanthroline, is triclinic, space group P.hivin.1, a 1.1718(2), b 1.5670(3), c 1.0002(2) nm; .alpha. 99.97(1), .beta. 90.12(1), .gamma. 98.36(2).degree.;, Z = 2, dc = 1.5; R = 0.040 for 4961 reflections. At. coordinates are given. The Eu(III) ion is octacoordinated with six O atom of three .beta.-NMA mols. and two N atoms of PHEN, giving the square antiprism with C1 site symmetry for the Eu(III) ion. Laser Raman and **fluorescence** spectra were also obtained.

IT 168098-23-5  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(crystal structure and spectra of)  
RN 168098-23-5 CAPLUS  
CN Europium, tetrakis[.mu.-(2-naphthalenecarboxylato-O:O')]bis(2-naphthalenecarboxylato-O,O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-N1,N10)di-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



PAGE 2-A

CC 75-8 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)  
Section cross-reference(s): 73, 78  
ST mol structure europium naphthylformato phenanthroline  
IT Crystal structure  
Fluorescence  
Molecular structure  
Raman spectra  
(of europium naphthylformato phenanthroline complex)  
IT 168098-23-5  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(crystal structure and spectra of)

L30 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:607966 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:178583  
TITLE: Regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based on operational system stresses  
INVENTOR(S): Hoots, John E.; Godfrey, Martin R.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nalco Chemical Co., USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 19 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5411889	A	19950502	US 1994-194679	19940214
CN 1113569	A	19951220	CN 1994-113468	19941215
CN 1080882	B	20020313		
CA 2142415	AA	19950815	CA 1995-2142415	19950213
BR 9500623	A	19951017	BR 1995-623	19950213
JP 07251182	A2	19951003	JP 1995-25161	19950214
EP 730152	A2	19960904	EP 1995-103061	19950303
EP 730152	A3	19970730		
EP 730152	B1	20020918		
R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
ES 2182853	T3	20030316	ES 1995-103061	19950303

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1994-194679	A	19940214
EP 1995-103061	A	19950303

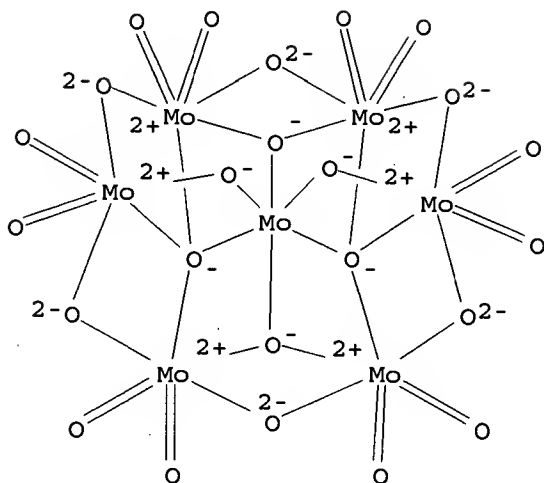
AB A target-specie responsive regulation of water treatment agent feed is achieved by the monitoring of a subject target-specie indicator. A target specie in a sample taken from the system is selected as the subject target-specie indicator, or instead an incipient reagent is added to the system sample to form a subject target-specie indicator. Such a formed subject target-specie indicator comprises a combination of the incipient reagent and a target specie. The subject target-specie indicator may be then monitored by fluorescence anal. of the sample to det. at least one fluorescence emission value that can be correlated to the in-system concn. of the target specie. In combination with an inert tracer, the system consumption for the target specie can be detd. A responsive adjustment of the in-system concn. of a water treatment agent can be made.

IT 12027-67-7, Ammonium molybdate

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
 (in **fluorescent** reagent soln.; regulating wastewater  
 treatment agent dosage based on operational system stresses)

RN 12027-67-7 CAPLUS

CN Molybdate (Mo7O246-), hexaammonium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●6 NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>

IC ICM G01N021-64  
 NCL 436006000  
 CC 60-2 (Waste Treatment and Disposal)  
 ST wastewater treatment agent dosage control  
 IT Wastewater treatment  
     (regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based on operational  
     system stresses)  
 IT 7439-89-6, Iron, analysis  
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)  
     (divalent; regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based on  
     operational system stresses)  
 IT 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, uses 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses  
     7778-50-9, Potassium dichromate 7803-55-6, Ammonium metavanadate  
     12027-67-7, Ammonium molybdate  
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
     (in **fluorescent** reagent soln.; regulating wastewater  
     treatment agent dosage based on operational system stresses)  
 IT 66-71-7, 1,10-Phenanthroline 99-98-9, N,N-Dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine  
     150-13-0, 4-Aminobenzoic acid 26651-23-0, 1-Pyrenesulfonic acid  
     63451-34-3, 2,2'-Biquinoline-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, dipotassium  
     salt  
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
     (incipient reagent; regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based  
     on operational system stresses)  
 IT 3812-32-6, Carbonate, analysis 7439-95-4, Magnesium, analysis  
     7440-70-2, Calcium, analysis 7492-68-4, Copper carbonate 7783-06-4,  
     Hydrogen sulfide, analysis 14265-44-2, Phosphate, analysis 14808-79-8,  
     Sulfate, analysis 16984-48-8, Fluoride, analysis  
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based on operational system stresses)

IT 85233-19-8P, 1,2-Bis(o-aminophenoxy)ethane-N,N,N',N'tetraacetic acid  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(regulating wastewater treatment agent dosage based on operational system stresses)

L30 ANSWER 16 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:523840 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:123840

TITLE: Synthesis and crystal structure of lanthanide complexes with pyridine-3-carboxylic acid

AUTHOR(S): Li, Linshu; Chen, Diangi; Jin, Sinpen

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Chem., Hubei Norm. Univ., Shijiazhuang, 050091, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Xitu Xuebao (1993), 11(2), 101-4

CODEN: ZXXUE5; ISSN: 1000-4343

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

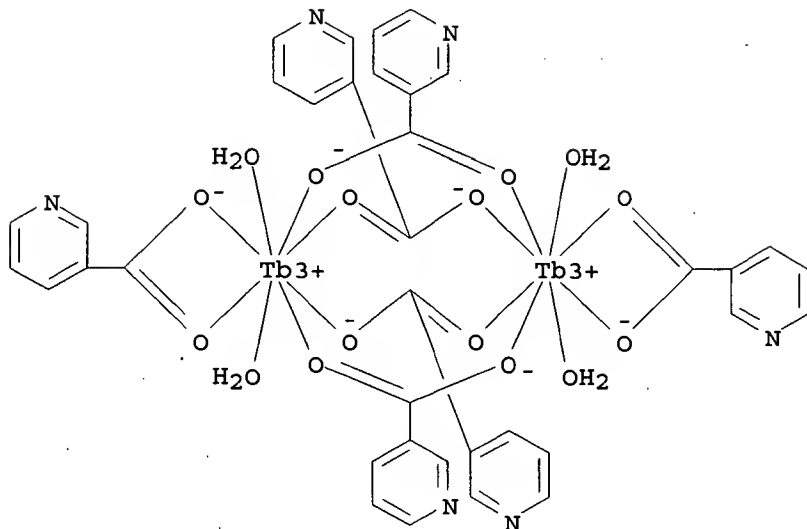
AB ML3.2H2O (M = Tb, Eu; HL = pyridine-3-carboxylic acid) were prepd. and characterized by IR, **fluorescence** spectra, cond., thermal anal. and x-ray diffraction. TbL3.2H2O is monoclinic, space group P21/c, a 0.9609(6), b 1.1649(3), c 1.7758(8) .ANG., .beta. 91.75(5) .degree., Z = 2. The Tb complex is a dimer with a twisted dodecahedral structure and Tb has a coordination no. of 8. Four L are bidentate bridging while the other 2 are bidentate chelating and 2 H2O mols. are coordinated to each Tb.

IT 96500-82-2P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and crystal structure of)

RN 96500-82-2 CAPLUS

CN Terbium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3') di-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



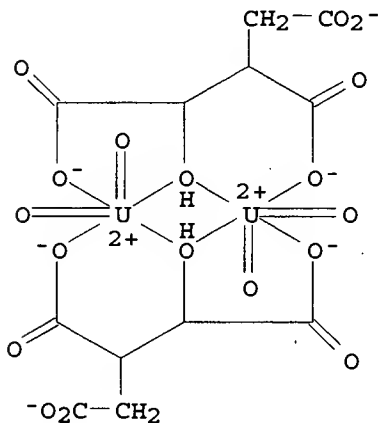
CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 75  
 ST crystal structure terbium pyridinecarboxylato dimer; pyridinecarboxylato  
 europium terbium complex  
 IT Crystal structure  
 Molecular structure  
 (of terbium pyridinecarboxylato dimeric complex)  
 IT 59-67-6, Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid, reactions  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (complexation of, with europium and terbium)  
 IT 58855-90-6P **96500-82-2P**  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and crystal structure of)  
 IT 16468-78-3P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

L30 ANSWER 17 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:333553 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:333553  
 TITLE: Waste site reclamation with recovery of radionuclides  
 and metals  
 INVENTOR(S): Francis, Arokiasamy J.; Dodge, Cleveland J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Associated Universities, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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 US 5292456                      A            19940308                      US 1992-855096            19920320  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:                      US 1992-855096            19920320  
 AB    A method for decontaminating radionuclides and other toxic  
       metal-contaminated soil, sediment, sludge and aquatic media involves  
       treating the contaminated material with a hydroxycarboxylic complexing  
       agent in a soln. The treatment soln. is then treated with a *Pseudomonas*  
       **fluorescens** ATCC No. 55241 and subjected to photolysis to degrade  
       the complex and recover the radionuclides and metals in a concd. form  
       through pptn. or incorporation into a biomass.  
 IT    113316-91-9  
       RL: PROC (Process)  
           (biodegrdn. of, in wastes)  
 RN    113316-91-9    CAPLUS  
 CN    Uranate(2-), bis[.mu.-[3-(carboxy-.kappa.O)-2,3-dideoxypentarato(3-)-  
       .kappa.O4,.kappa.O5]]tetraoxodi-, dihydrogen (9CI)    (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 H<sup>+</sup>

IC    ICM    G21F009-16  
 NCL    252628000  
 CC    71-11 (Nuclear Technology)  
 ST    waste site reclamation recovery radionuclide metal; radioactive waste  
       treatment hydroxycarboxylic complexing agent; photolytic *Pseudomonas*  
       **fluorescens** degrdn waste complex; bacterial degrdn citric acid  
       complex waste  
 IT    Photolysis  
       (degrdn. by, of wastes following treatment with *Pseudomonas*  
       **fluorescens**)  
 IT    Slimes and Sludges  
       (degrdn. of, photolytic and bacterial, following hydroxycarboxylic  
       complexing)  
 IT    *Pseudomonas fluorescens*

- (in degrdn. of wastes, followed by photolysis)
- IT Soil pollution  
(metals removal from, by photolytic and bacterial degrdn. following hydroxycarboxylic complexing)
- IT Radioactive wastes  
Waste solids  
(treatment of, with hydroxycarboxylic complexing agent followed by photolytic and bacterial degrdn.)
- IT Wastewater treatment  
(degrdn., with hydroxycarboxylic complexing agent followed by photolysis and bacterial action)
- IT 46368-49-4 61918-26-1 113316-91-9 146467-70-1 155411-64-6  
155411-65-7 155542-70-4 155542-71-5 155542-72-6  
RL: PROC (Process)  
(biodegrdn. of, in wastes)
- IT 50-99-7, Glucose, reactions 126-44-3, Citrate ion, reactions  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(degrdn. of, in presence of metal citrate complexes)
- IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, miscellaneous 7439-91-0, Lanthanum, miscellaneous  
7439-92-1, Lead, miscellaneous 7439-95-4, Magnesium, miscellaneous  
7439-96-5, Manganese, miscellaneous 7440-02-0, Nickel, miscellaneous  
7440-03-1, Niobium, miscellaneous 7440-05-3, Palladium, miscellaneous  
7440-20-2, Scandium, miscellaneous 7440-22-4, Silver, miscellaneous  
7440-24-6, Strontium, miscellaneous 7440-25-7, Tantalum, miscellaneous  
7440-29-1, Thorium, miscellaneous 7440-30-4, Thulium, miscellaneous  
7440-31-5, Tin, miscellaneous 7440-32-6, Titanium, miscellaneous  
7440-36-0, Antimony, miscellaneous 7440-39-3, Barium, miscellaneous  
7440-41-7, Beryllium, miscellaneous 7440-43-9, Cadmium, miscellaneous  
7440-47-3, Chromium, miscellaneous 7440-48-4, Cobalt, miscellaneous  
7440-50-8, Copper, miscellaneous 7440-55-3, Gallium, miscellaneous  
7440-57-5, Gold, miscellaneous 7440-58-6, Hafnium, miscellaneous  
7440-61-1, Uranium, miscellaneous 7440-62-2, Vanadium, miscellaneous  
7440-66-6, Zinc, miscellaneous 7440-67-7, Zirconium, miscellaneous  
7440-69-9, Bismuth, miscellaneous  
RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)  
(extn. efficiency of, from sludge by citric acid)
- IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(treatment of radioactive and other wastes by complexing with)

L30 ANSWER 18 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:288531 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:288531

TITLE: Spectroscopic and electrochemical studies on  
(2-hydroxypicolinate)bis(2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II)  
and related complexes

AUTHOR(S): Constantino, Vera R. L.; de Oliveira, Luiz F. C.;  
Santos, Paulo S.; Toma, Henrique E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Quim., Univ. Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, 01498, Brazil

SOURCE: Transition Metal Chemistry (Dordrecht, Netherlands)  
(1994), 19(1), 103-7

CODEN: TMCHDN; ISSN: 0340-4285

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis, spectra and electrochem. of  $[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_2(\text{HpicOH})]^+$  and  $\{\mu\text{-picO-}[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_2]_2\}^{2+}$  (bipy = 2,2'-bipyridine and picOH = 3-hydroxypicolinic acid, Hpic = picolinic acid) are described. The spectroscopic properties in the visible region are dominated by the intense Ru  $\rightarrow$  bipy charge-transfer transitions. In the binuclear complex, the 2  $[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_2\text{L}]^{2+}$  moieties are nonequiv., exhibiting  $E_{1/2} = 0.69$  and  $1.20$  V vs. s.h.e. The partially oxidized species exhibits a weak intervalence transfer band at 1085 nm, and is consistent with a Robin-Day class II mixed valence complex.

IT 154790-38-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and cyclic voltammetry and fluorescence and Raman spectra of)

RN 154790-38-2 CAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(2+), tetrakis(2,2'-bipyridine-N,N') [ $\mu\text{-[3-hydroxy-2-pyridinecarboxylato(2-)-N1,O2:O2',O3]}$ ]di-, bis[hexafluorophosphate(1-)], trihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 154790-37-1

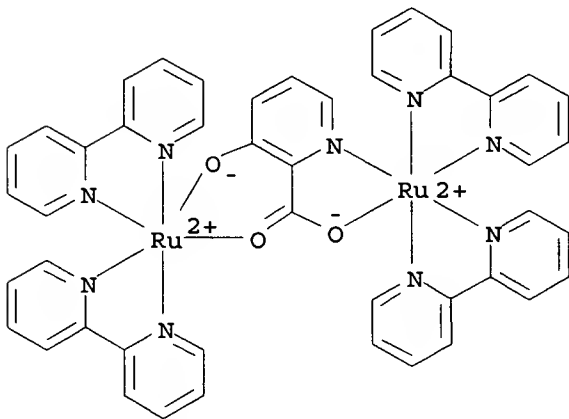
CMF C46 H35 N9 O3 Ru2 . 2 F6 P

CM 2

CRN 154790-36-0

CMF C46 H35 N9 O3 Ru2

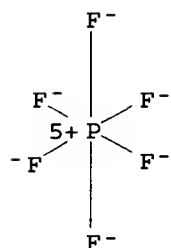
CCI CCS



CM 3

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P  
CCI CCS



- CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)  
Section cross-reference(s): 72, 73
- ST ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato picolinato mononuclear dinuclear;  
oxidn potential ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato picolinato;  
intervalence transfer ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato dinuclear;  
mixed valence ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato dinuclear
- IT **Fluorescence**  
(of ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato and picolinato complexes)
- IT Energy transfer  
(intervalence, in ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato dinuclear complex)
- IT Electric potential  
(oxidn., of ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato dinuclear complex)
- IT Electric potential  
(redn., of ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato and picolinato complexes)
- IT Electric potential  
(redox, of ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato and picolinato complexes)
- IT 154790-41-7 154790-42-8  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(elec. potential of couple contg.)
- IT 154790-34-8P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and cyclic voltammetry and **fluorescence** and Raman spectra and reaction of, with ruthenium bipyridine chloro complex)
- IT 154790-35-9P **154790-38-2P**  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and cyclic voltammetry and **fluorescence** and Raman spectra of)
- IT 154790-40-6P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)
- IT 98-98-6, Picolinic acid 874-24-8, 3-Hydroxypicolinic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with ruthenium bipyridine chloro complex)
- IT 15746-57-3  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with ruthenium bipyridine hydroxypicolinato complex)

L30 ANSWER 19 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:109039 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:109039

TITLE: Crystal structure, absorption, and fluorescence spectra of lanthanoid glutamate perchlorate nonahydrates,  $\text{Ln}_2(\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{NO}_4)_2(\text{ClO}_4)_4 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$

AUTHOR(S): Csoregh, Ingeborg; Czugler, Matyas; Kierkegaard, Peder; Legendziewicz, Janina; Huskowska, Ewa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Struct. Chem., Univ. Stockholm, Stockholm, S-106 91, Swed.

SOURCE: Acta Chemica Scandinavica (1989), 43(8), 735-47

CODEN: ACHSE7; ISSN: 0904-213X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The title Ho complex is monoclinic, space group P2<sub>1</sub>, with a 11.011(1), b 16.532(1), c 19.907(2) .ANG., and .beta. 103.18(1).degree.; dc = 2.225 for Z = 2 (2 mols./Z). The title Dy complex is monoclinic, space group P2<sub>1</sub>, with a 11.015(1), b 16.560(2), c 19.939(3) .ANG., and .beta. 103.16(1).degree.; dc = 2.208 for Z = 2 (2 mols./Z). The final R values are 0.0515 and 0.0540 for Ho at room and low temp. and 0.0507 for the Dy complex. At. coordinates are given. The Ho and Dy ions in each complex are bridged by 4 **carboxylate** groups so that 2 of the O atoms are coordinated to both cations. The coordination is completed by 4 H<sub>2</sub>O O atoms around each cation, making the coordination no. 9. The glutamic acid residues link together the lanthanoid ion pairs into infinite layers. In the voids of this matrix are located the ClO<sub>4</sub> groups, exhibiting rotational disorder. The abs. configuration of the glutamic acid residues are also confirmed. An absorption spectrum along the c-axis of the Dy complex was recorded at room temp, and the probabilities of the f-f transition were analyzed on the basis of the Judd-Ofelt theory. Solid-state fluorescence spectra of the Nd, Eu and Dy compds. were recorded at 77 K; the results are discussed and Stark components detd. The decay time for the Dy crystal was measured and the fluorescence quenching mechanism discussed.

IT 125361-81-1 125410-99-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(absorption and **fluorescence** spectra of)

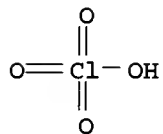
RN 125361-81-1 CAPLUS

CN Neodymium(2+), octaaquabis[.mu.-[L-glutamato(2-)-.kappa.O1:.kappa.O1']]di-, diperchlorate, diperchlorate, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF Cl H O4



CM 2

CRN 125361-80-0

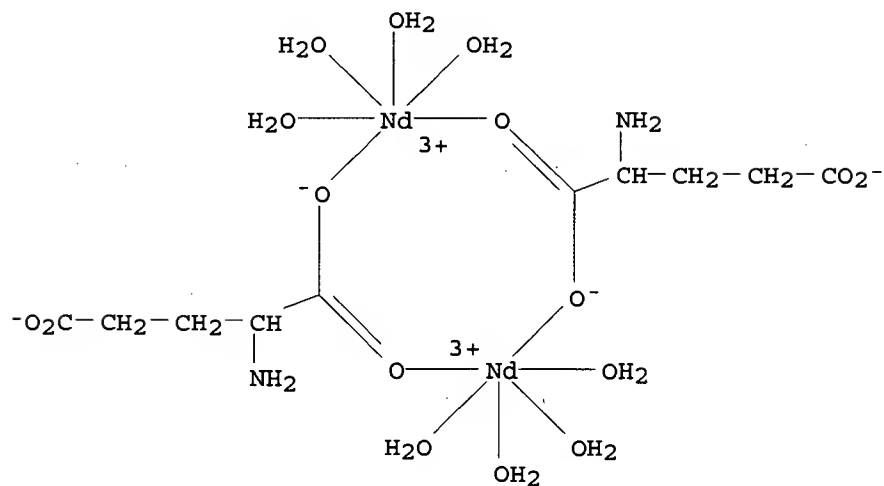
CMF C10 H30 N2 Nd2 O16 . 2 Cl O4

CM 3

CRN 125361-79-7

CMF C10 H30 N2 Nd2 O16

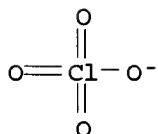
CCI CCS



CM 4

CRN 14797-73-0

CMF Cl O4

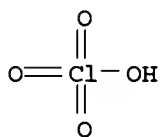


RN 125410-99-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Europium(2+), octaaquabis[.mu.-[L-glutamato(2-)-O1:O1']]di-,  
 diperchlorate, diperchlorate, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF Cl H O4



CM 2

CRN 124417-11-4

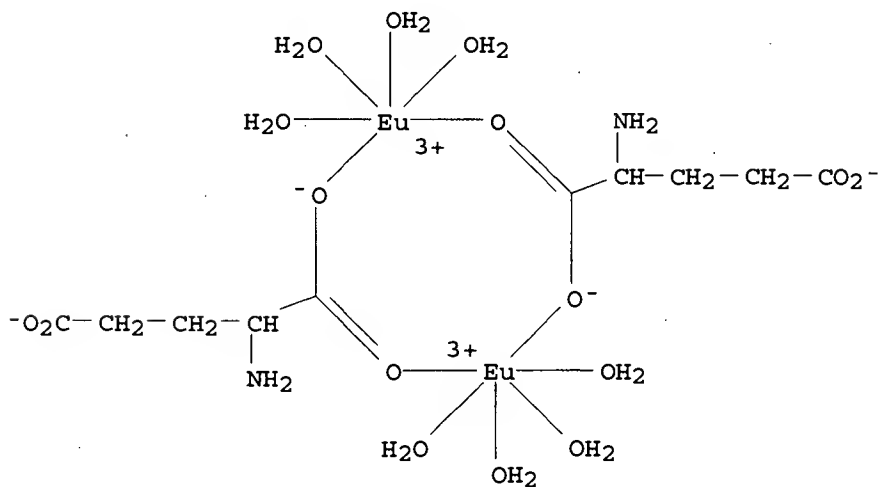
CMF C10 H30 Eu2 N2 O16 . 2 Cl O4

CM 3

CRN 124417-10-3

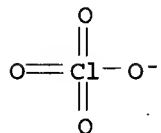
CMF C10 H30 Eu2 N2 O16

CCI CCS



CM 4

CRN 14797-73-0  
CMF Cl O4



IT 125334-20-5 125334-23-8

RL: PRP (Properties)

(crystal structure and absorption and **fluorescence** spectra  
of)

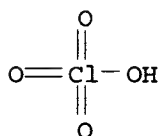
RN 125334-20-5 CAPLUS

CN Holmium(2+), octaaquabis[.mu.-[L-glutamato(2-)-O1:O1']]di-, diperchlorate,  
diperchlorate, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF Cl H O4



CM 2

CRN 125334-19-2

CMF C10 H30 Ho2 N2 O16 . 2 Cl O4

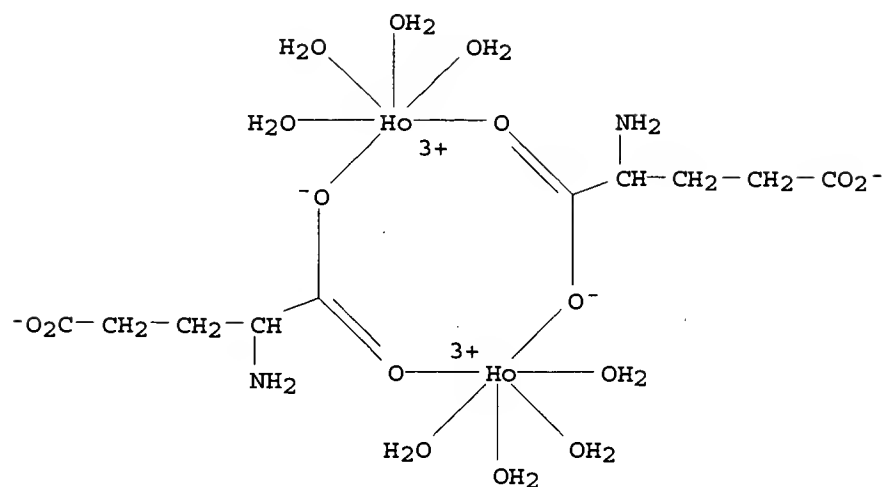
CM 3

CRN 125334-18-1

CMF C10 H30 Ho2 N2 O16

CCI CCS

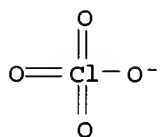




CM 4

CRN 14797-73-0

CMF Cl O4



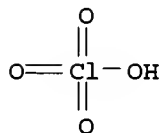
RN 125334-23-8 CAPLUS

CN Dysprosium(2+), octaaquabis[.mu.-[L-glutamato(2-)-O1:O1']]di-,  
diperchlorate, diperchlorate, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF Cl H O4



CM 2

KOROMA EIC1700

CRN 125334-22-7

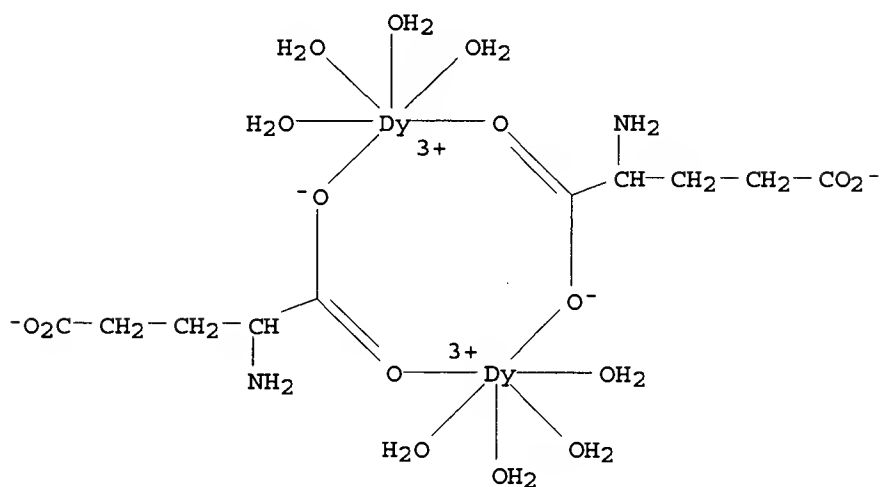
CMF C10 H30 Dy2 N2 O16 . 2 Cl O4

CM 3

CRN 125334-21-6

CMF C10 H30 Dy2 N2 O16

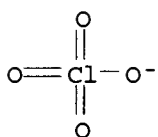
CCI CCS



CM 4

CRN 14797-73-0

CMF Cl O4



CC 75-8 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 78

ST mol structure dysprosium holmium glutamato aqua; absorption spectra  
lanthanide glutamate perchlorate hydrate; fluorescence lanthanide  
glutamate perchlorate hydrate

IT Crystal structure

Molecular structure

(of dysprosium and holmium glutamato aqua perchlorate complexes)

IT Infrared spectra

KOROMA EIC1700

Ultraviolet and visible spectra  
 (of dysprosium glutamate perchlorate hydrate)

IT Fluorescence  
 (of lanthanide glutamate perchlorate hydrates)

IT Energy level transition  
 (f-f, in dysprosium glutamate perchlorate hydrate)

IT 125361-81-1 125410-99-3  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (absorption and **fluorescence** spectra of)

IT 125334-20-5 125334-23-8  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (crystal structure and absorption and **fluorescence** spectra  
 of)

L30 ANSWER 20 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:525661 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:125661

TITLE: Synthesis, characterization and structure of binuclear  
 europium(III) and terbium(III) coordination compounds  
 with 3,4-furandicarboxylic acid

AUTHOR(S): Duan, Zhibang; Hu, Ninghai; Jin, Zhongsheng; Ni,  
 Jiazuan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Changchun Inst. Appl. Chem., Acad. Sin., Changchun,  
 Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Yingyong Huaxue (1989), 6(2), 23-9  
 CODEN: YIHUED; ISSN: 1000-0518

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

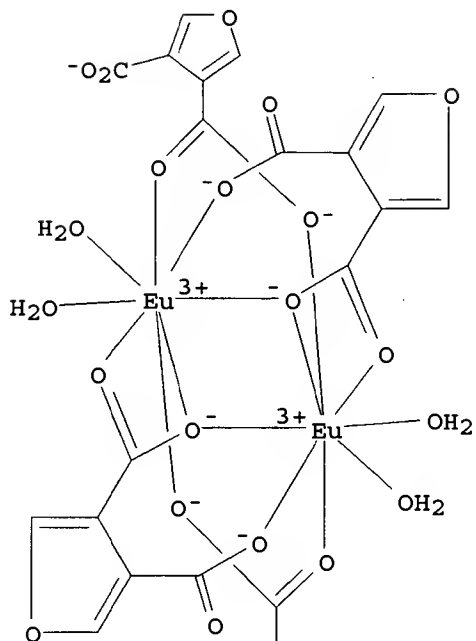
AB The prepn., characterization and structure of [Eu(HL2)(H2O)2]·2.2H2O and  
 [Tb(HL2)(H2O)2]·2.2H2O (H2L = 3,4-furandicarboxylic acid) are reported.  
 The compds. were characterized by IR, DTA, TG, DTG and  
**fluorescence** spectra. Two crystals are monoclinic with space  
 group P2/c, a 10.842, 10.801, b 8.725, 8.664, c 16.366, 16.308 .ANG.;  
 .beta. 93.50, 93.67.degree., Z = 2, 2 for Eu and Tb compds., resp. The  
 complexes have 4 dicarboxylates bridging the 2 lanthanide atoms.

IT 118085-22-6P 122612-76-4P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and crystal structure of)

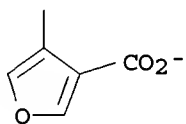
RN 118085-22-6 CAPLUS

CN Europeate(2-), tetraaquabis[.mu.-[3,4-furandicarboxylato(2-)-  
 O3:O3']]bis[.mu.-[3,4-furandicarboxylato(2-)-O3,O3':O3,O4]]di-,  
 dihydrogen, dihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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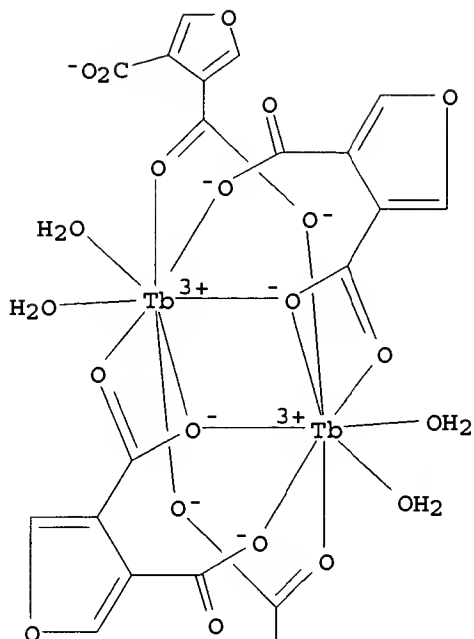


● 2 H<sup>+</sup>

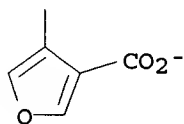
● 2 H<sub>2</sub>O

RN 122612-76-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Terbate(2-), tetraaquabis[.mu.-[3,4-furandicarboxylato(2-)-  
 .kappa.O3:.kappa.O3']]bis[.mu.-[3,4-furandicarboxylato(2-)-  
 .kappa.O3,.kappa.O3':.kappa.O3,.kappa.O4]]di-, dihydrogen, dihydrate (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 2-A



● 2 H<sup>+</sup>

● 2 H<sub>2</sub>O

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 75  
 ST crystal structure furandicarboxylato europium terbium  
 IT Crystal structure  
 Molecular structure  
 (of europium and terbium furandicarboxylato complexes)  
 IT 118085-22-6P 122083-19-6P 122083-20-9P 122612-76-4P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and crystal structure of)

L30 ANSWER 21 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:182052 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:182052

TITLE: Spectroscopy and crystal structure of holmium and dysprosium complex compounds with glycine:  
Ln(Gly)<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>

AUTHOR(S): Legendziewicz, J.; Huskowska, E.; Argay, G.; Waskowska, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Chem., Univ. Wroclaw, Wroclaw, 50-383, Pol.

SOURCE: Journal of the Less-Common Metals (1989), 146, 33-47  
CODEN: JCOMAH; ISSN: 0022-5088

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Lanthanide(III) complexes with the formula Ln(HO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (where Ln .tplbond. Ho, Dy) were obtained in the form of monocrystals which were isomorphic and crystd. in monoclinic space group Cc with the following cell consts.: Ho(HO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>: a = 20.506(3), b = 9.245(1), c = 23.989(4) .ANG., .beta. = 100.28(1).degree., V = 4474.7(2) .ANG.<sup>3</sup>, Z = 8, dc = 2.20 g cm<sup>-3</sup>, dm = 2.19(2), MR = 742.53; Dy(HO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>: a = 20.56(7), b = 9.42(8), c = 24.16(5) .ANG., .beta. = 98.7(5).degree., Z = 8, and dm = 2.19. Results from the x-ray crystal structure detn. are given for the Ho<sup>3+</sup> complex compd. The coordination polyhedron of a Ho(III) ion comprises 7 O atoms from glycine and 2 from H<sub>2</sub>O mols. Two O bridges fasten the linear polymer running along the b axis. Absorption spectra recorded in the region 5500-40,000 cm<sup>-1</sup> were measured along the a axis for the Dy<sup>3+</sup> complex and the probabilities of f-f transitions were analyzed on the basis of the B. R. Judd (1962)-G. S. Ofelt (1962) theory. Solid state fluorescence of Dy<sup>3+</sup> was recorded at 77 and 300 K. The results are discussed and the Stark levels were detd. Spectroscopic properties of all the known Dy<sup>3+</sup> **carboxylates** were compared.

IT 120156-48-1 120156-50-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(absorption and **fluorescence** and crystal structure of)

RN 120156-48-1 CAPLUS

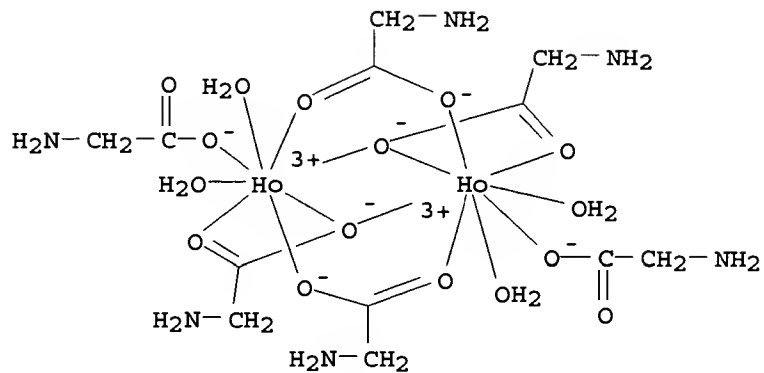
CN Holmium, tetraaquabis[.mu.-(glycinato-O:O')]<sub>2</sub>bis[.mu.-(glycinato-O:O,O')]<sub>2</sub>bis(glycinato-O)di-, hexaperchlorate, dihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120156-47-0

CMF C12 H32 Ho2 N6 O16

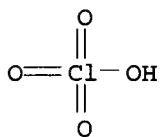
CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF C1 H O4



RN 120156-50-5 CAPLUS

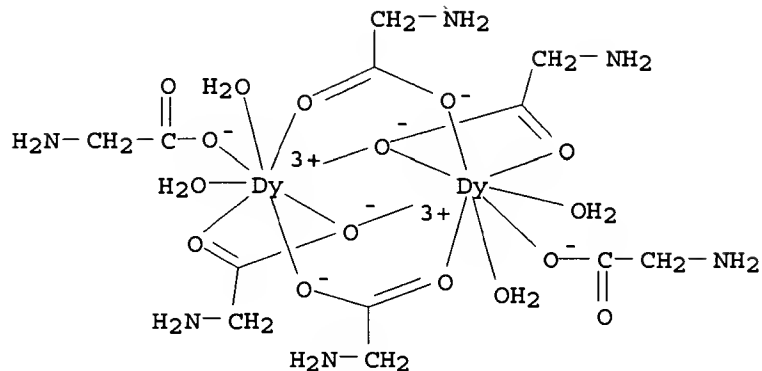
CN Dysprosium, tetraaquabis[.mu.-(glycinato-O:O')][bis[.mu.-(glycinato-O:O,O')][bis(glycinato-O)di-, hexaperchlorate, dihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120156-49-2

CMF C12 H32 Dy2 N6 O16

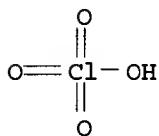
CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 7601-90-3

CMF Cl H O4



CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 75  
 ST lanthanide glycine perchlorate hydrate crystal structure; fluorescence  
 lanthanide glycine perchlorate hydrate; absorption lanthanide glycine perchlorate hydrate  
 IT Crystal structure  
 Fluorescence  
 Infrared spectra  
 Luminescence  
 Molecular structure  
 Ultraviolet and visible spectra  
 (of dysprosium and holmium glycine perchlorate hydrates)  
 IT 120156-48-1 120156-50-5  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (absorption and fluorescence and crystal structure of)

L30 ANSWER 22 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:50784 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:50784  
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:8614h,8615a  
 TITLE: Beryllium .alpha.-oxynaphthoate  
 AUTHOR(S): Semenenko, K. N.; Kurdyumov, G. M.

KOROMA EIC1700



CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Moscow  
 SOURCE: Vestn. Mosk. Univ. (1960), 15(No. 5;Ser. II), 56-8  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable

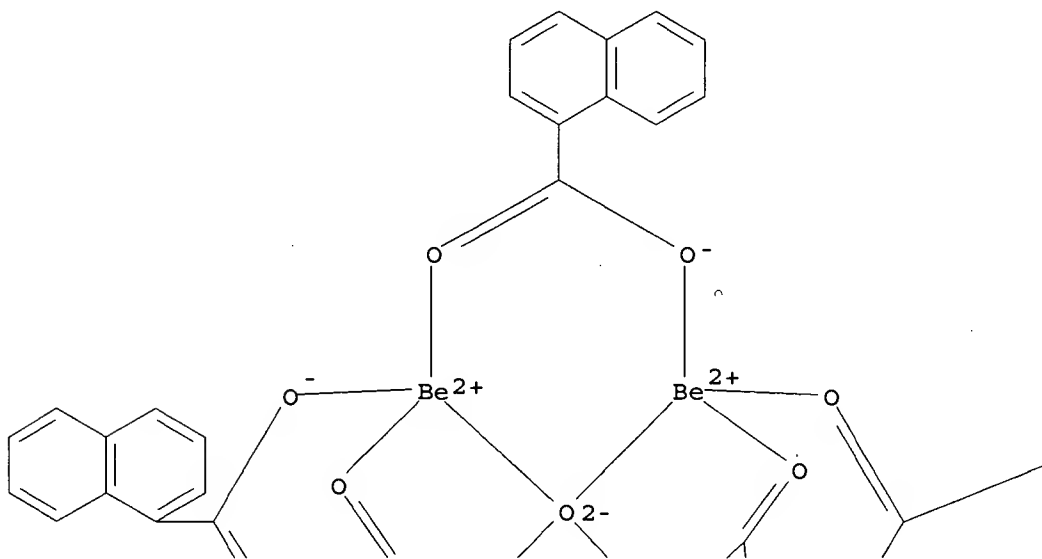
AB cf. Krasnec, et al., CA 52, 7002g.  $\text{Be}_4\text{O}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{COO})_6$  (I) was prepd. by interaction of anhyd.  $\text{BeCl}_2$  and  $\alpha$ -naphthoic acid in  $\text{CHCl}_3$ . I forms light yellow triclinic microcrystals (by x-ray analysis;  $a = 11.45 \pm 0.05$ ,  $b = 22.60 \pm 0.05$ ,  $c = 24.50 \pm 0.05$  kX,  $\alpha = 80^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 112^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 110^\circ$ ), m.  $239^\circ$ . (PhMe) and solidifies at  $210^\circ$  as an amorphous glassy mass transformable to a cryst. one again. By recrystn. of I from  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$ ,  $\text{I} \cdot 2.5\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  was obtained which readily lost 1 mol. of  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  at lab. temp. and the rest at temps. above  $70^\circ$ .  $\text{I} \cdot 2.5\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  has different,  $\text{I} \cdot 1.5\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  the same crystal structure as I (by x-ray analyses). By recrystn. of I from PhMe only I resulted. This favors consideration of  $\text{I} \cdot n\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  ( $n = 1.5$  or  $2.5$ ) as inclusion compds. I and  $\text{I} \cdot 2.5\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  were investigated by thermal analysis.

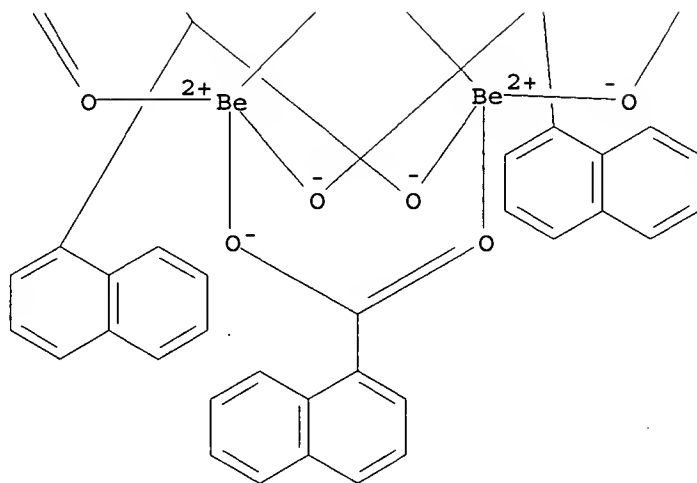
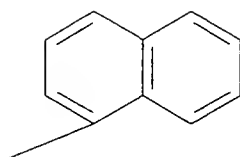
IT 91371-80-1, Beryllium, oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetra-  
 (prepn. and structure of)

RN 91371-80-1 CAPLUS

CN Beryllium, hexakis[ $\mu$ -(1-naphthalenecarboxylato-O:O')]- $\mu$ -4-oxotetra-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

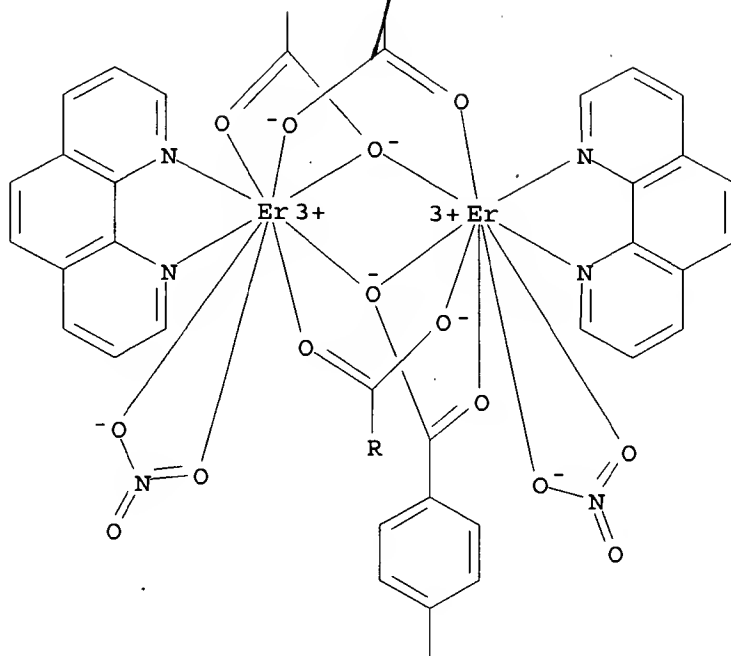
PAGE 1-A



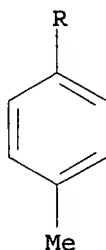


- CC 14 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
- IT Crystal structure, 6742  
(of oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetraberyllium and its compds. with benzene)
- IT Benzene, compd. with oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetraberyllium (3:2)
- IT Benzene, compd. with oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetraberyllium (5:2)
- IT 86-55-5, 1-Naphthoic acid  
(beryllium complexes)
- IT 91371-80-1, Beryllium, oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetra-  
(prepn. and structure of)

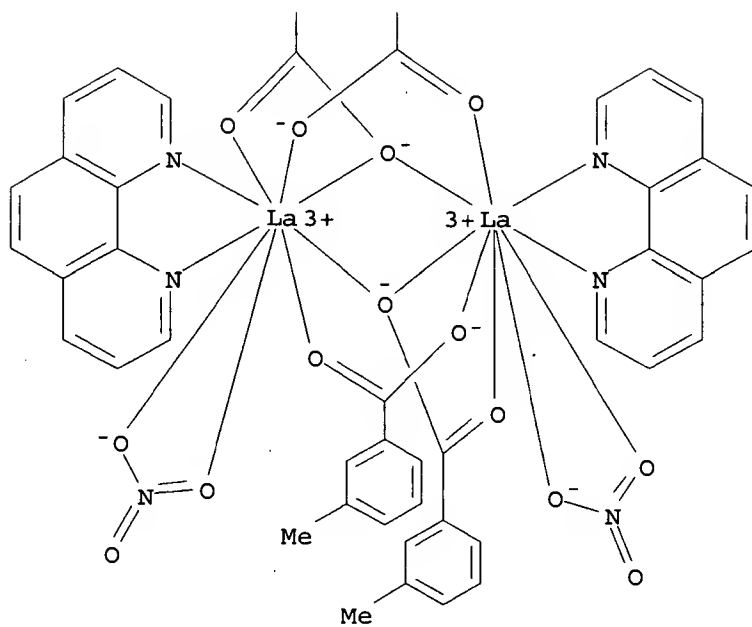
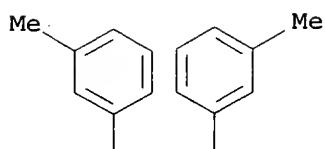
IT 91371-81-2, Beryllium, oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetra-, compd. with benzene  
(2:3) 91399-45-0, Beryllium, oxohexakis(1-naphthoato)tetra-, compd. with  
benzene (2:5)  
(prepn. of)



Me



RN 403830-79-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Lanthanum, bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')].bis[.mu.  
 .-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')].bis(nitrato-  
 .kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

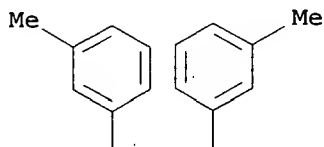


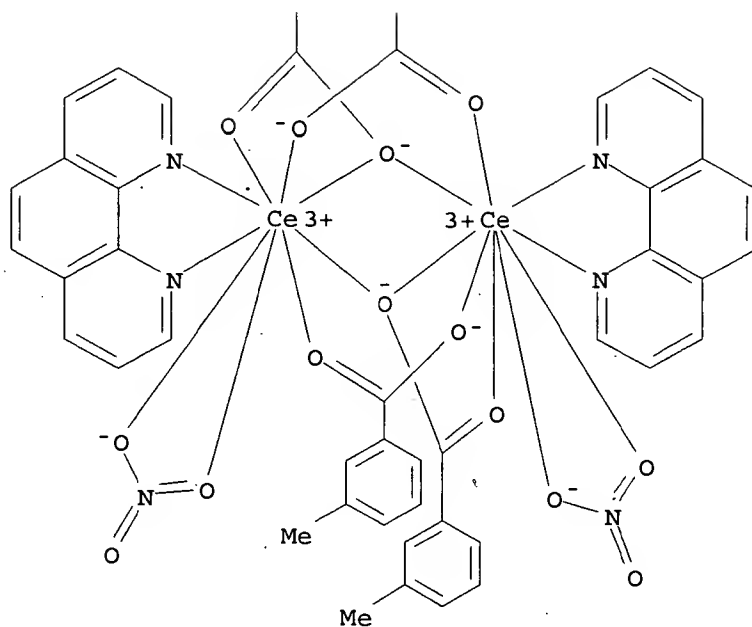
RN 403830-81-9 CAPLUS

KOROMA EIC1700

CN Cerium, .bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')].bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')].bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

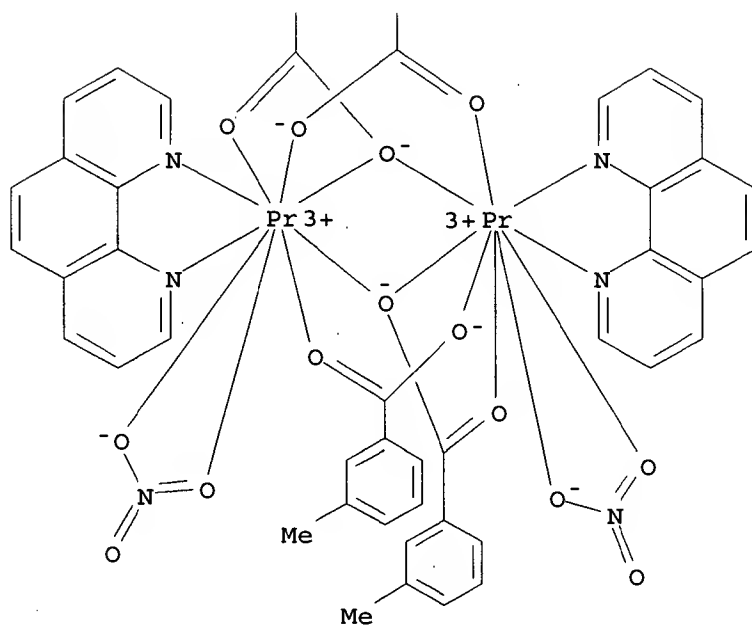
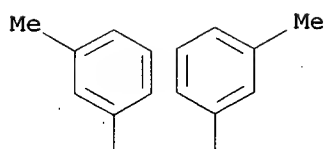
PAGE 1-A





RN 403830-83-1 CAPLUS

CN Praseodymium, bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]]bis[  
 .mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]]bis(nitrato-  
 .kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA\_INDEX NAME)



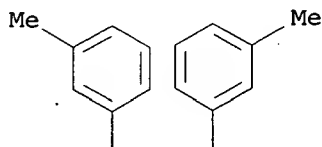
RN 403830-85-3 CAPLUS

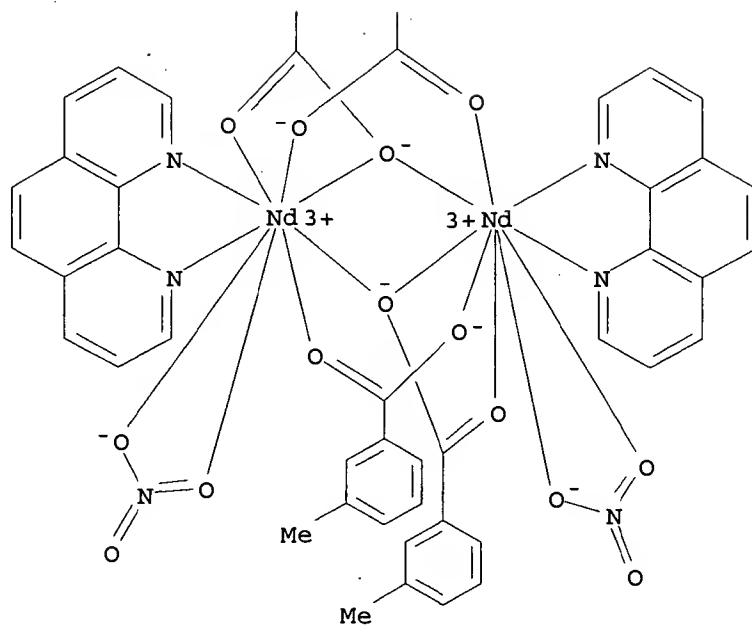
KOROMA EIC1700



CN Neodymium, bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')][bis[.mu.  
.- (3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')][bis(nitrato-  
.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

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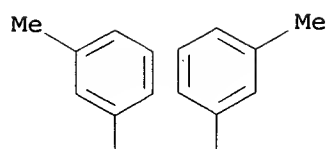




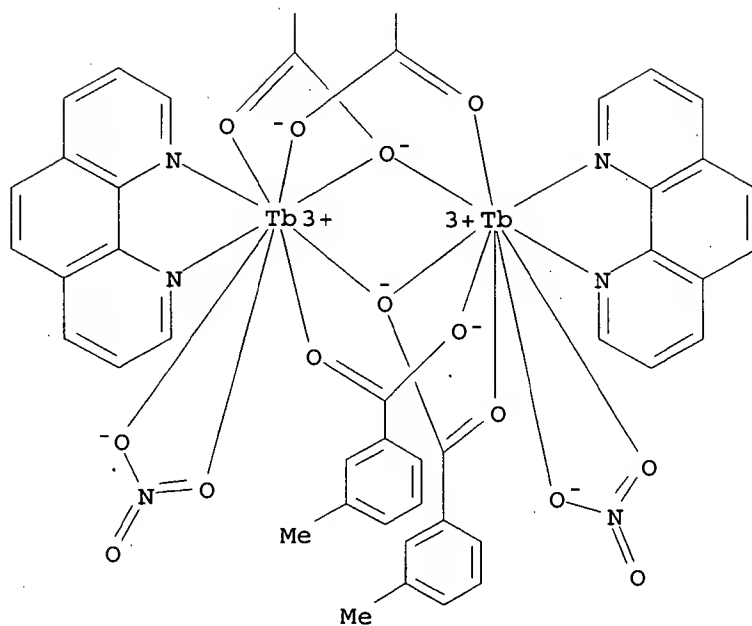
RN 403830-88-6 CAPLUS

CN Terbium, bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')][bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')][bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

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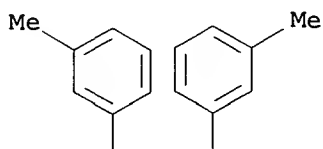


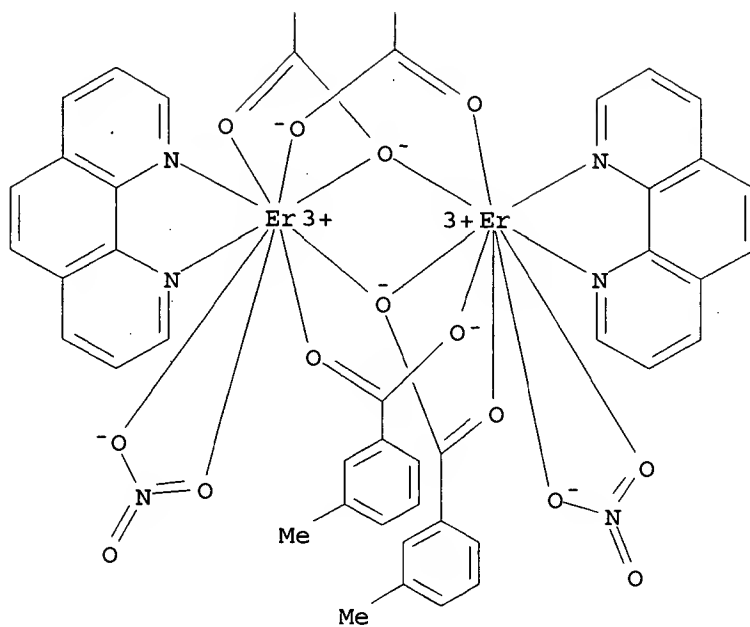
RN 403830-89-7 CAPLUS

KOROMA EIC1700

CN Erbium, bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]bis[.mu.-(3-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

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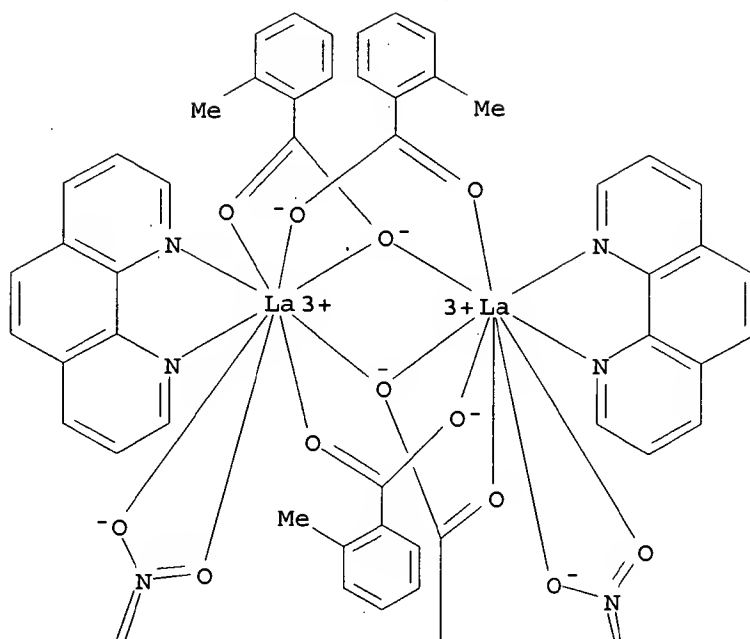




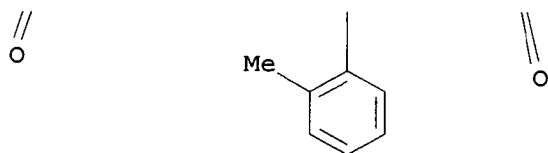
RN 403830-90-0 CAPLUS

CN Lanthanum, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')].bis[.mu.  
 .-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')].bis(nitrato-  
 .kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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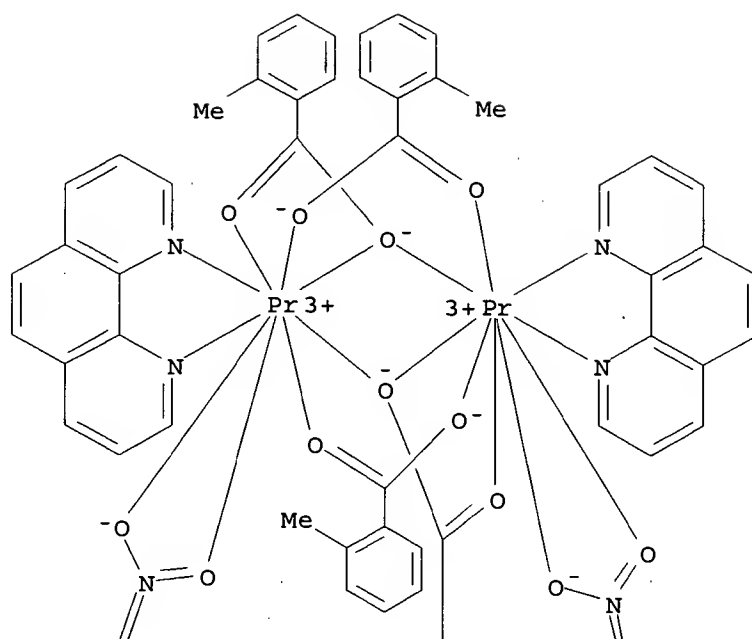


PAGE 2-A

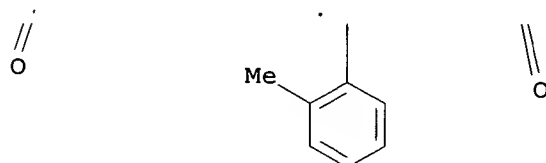


RN 403830-92-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Praseodymium, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]bis[  
 .mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]bis(nitrato-  
 .kappa.O,.kappa.O')]bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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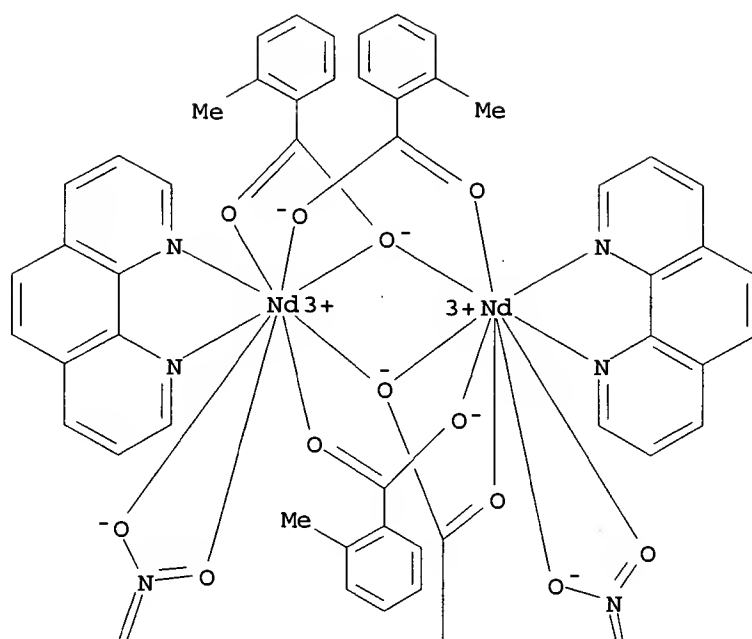


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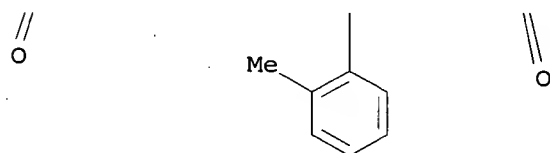


RN 403830-94-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Neodymium, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]]bis[.mu.  
 .-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]]bis(nitrato-  
 .kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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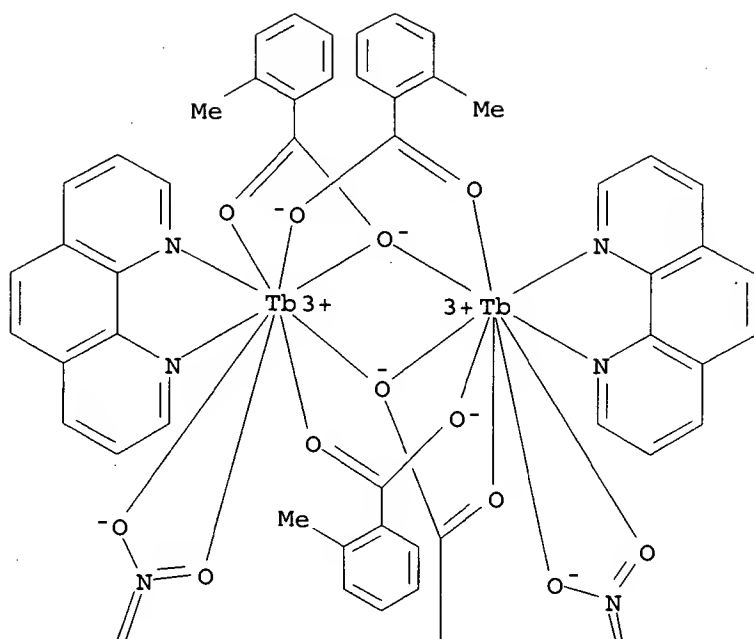
PAGE 2-A



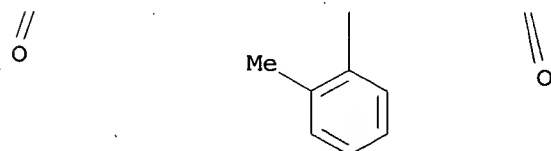
RN 403830-97-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Terbium, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



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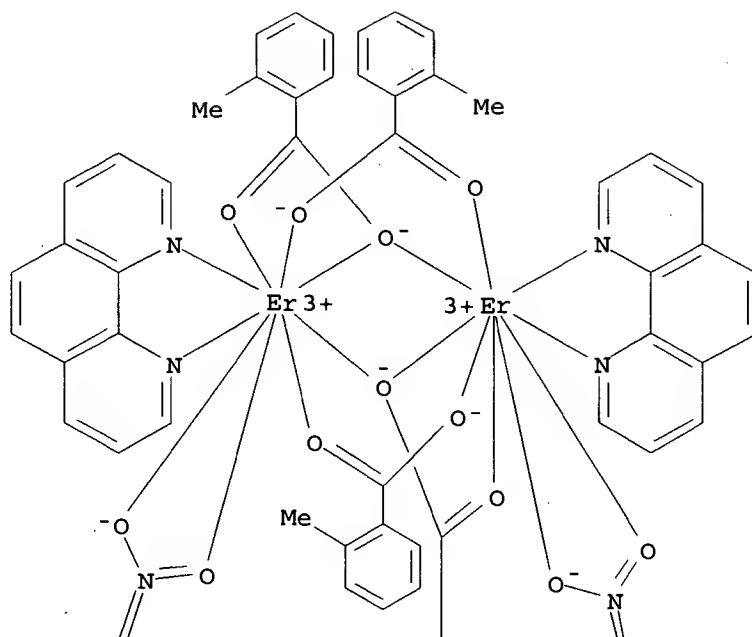


PAGE 2-A

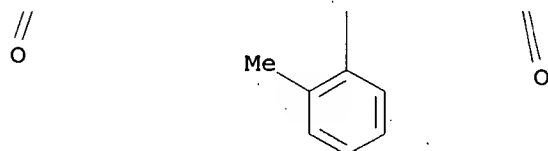


RN 403830-98-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Erbium, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]]bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]]bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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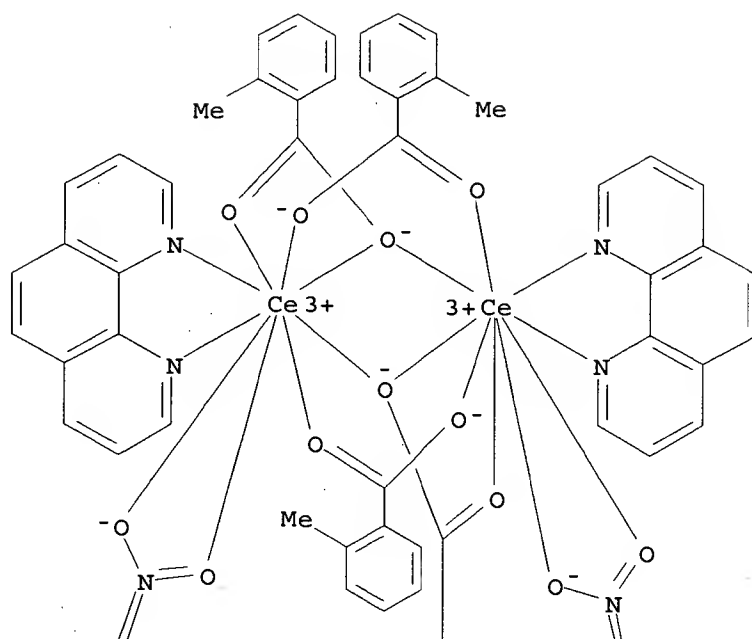


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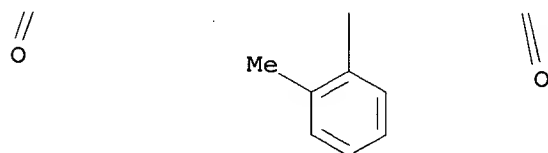


RN 403832-28-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Cerium, bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O,.kappa.O')]]bis[.mu.-(2-methylbenzoato-.kappa.O:.kappa.O')]]bis(nitrato-.kappa.O,.kappa.O')bis(1,10-phenanthroline-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N10)di- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 73  
 ST rare earth benzoate phenanthroline complex prepn; fluorescence europium  
 gadolinium methylbenzoate phenanthroline complex  
 IT Rare earth complexes  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (carboxylic acid, phenanthroline)  
 IT Fluorescence  
 (europium and gadolinium methylbenzoate phenanthroline complexes)  
 IT Carboxylic acids, preparation  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (rare earth complexes, phenanthroline)  
 IT 329898-03-5P 329898-04-6P 403830-74-0P  
 403830-86-4P 403830-96-6P 403832-29-1P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and fluorescence)

IT 254444-51-4P 403830-68-2P 403830-70-6P  
403830-72-8P 403830-76-2P 403830-78-4P  
403830-79-5P 403830-81-9P 403830-83-1P  
403830-85-3P 403830-88-6P 403830-89-7P  
403830-90-0P 403830-92-2P 403830-94-4P  
403830-97-7P 403830-98-8P 403832-28-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

IT 99-04-7, m-Methylbenzoic acid 99-94-5, p-Methylbenzoic acid 118-90-1,  
o-Methylbenzoic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reactant for prepn. of lanthanide methylbenzoate phenanthroline  
complexes)

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:730079 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:80113

TITLE: Blue photoluminescent zinc coordination polymers with  
supertetranuclear cores

AUTHOR(S): Tao, Jun; Tong, Ming-Liang; Shi, Jian-Xin; Chen,  
Xiao-Ming; Ng, Seik Weng

CORPORATE SOURCE: State Key Lab. Ultrafast Laser Spectroscopy and Sch.  
Chemistry and Chem. Eng., Zhongshan University,  
Canton, 510275, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (2000), (20),  
2043-2044

CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Two- and three-dimensional coordination polymers consisting of Zn<sub>4</sub>O [or  
Zn<sub>4</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>] cores, dicarboxylate (isophthalate (i.p.) or fumarate (fa)) and  
4,4'-bipyridine ligands as building blocks, [Zn<sub>4</sub>O(i.p.)<sub>3</sub>(4,4'-bipy)] (1)  
and [Zn<sub>4</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>(fa)<sub>3</sub>(4,4'-bipy)<sub>2</sub>] (2), were hydrothermally synthesized and  
structurally characterized by x-ray single-crystal anal. 1 And 2 exhibit  
intense photoluminescence in the solid state, and may be good candidates  
for blue-light emitting diode devices.

IT 315236-72-7P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(hydrothermal prepn., crystal and mol. structure and photoluminescence)

RN 315236-72-7 CAPLUS

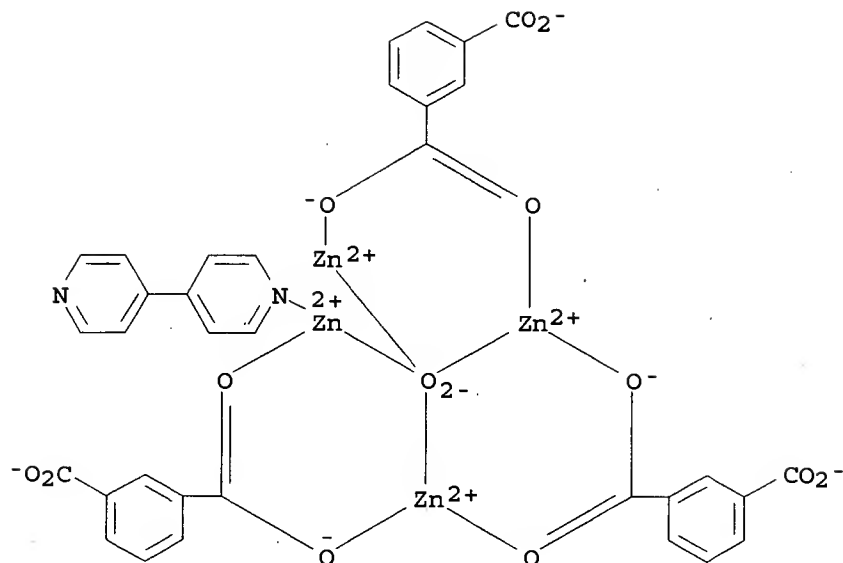
CN Zinc, tris[.mu.-[1,3-benzenedicarboxylato(2-)-.kappa.O1:.kappa.O1']](4,4'-  
bipyridine-.kappa.N1)-.mu.4-oxotetra-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 315236-71-6

CMF C34 H20 N2 O13 Zn4

CCI CCS



CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 73, 75

ST crystal structure zinc bipyridine isophthalato fumarato polymer; zinc bipyridine isophthalato fumarate polymer prep structure photoluminescence

IT Crystal structure  
 Luminescence  
 Molecular structure  
 (of zinc bipyridine isophthalato two-dimensional and fumarato three-dimensional polymeric complexes with  $Zn_4O$  and  $Zn_4(OH)_2$  supertetranuclear cores)

IT 315236-72-7P 315236-76-1P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (hydrothermal prep., crystal and mol. structure and photoluminescence)

IT 110-17-8, Fumaric acid, reactions 121-91-5, Isophthalic acid, reactions  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reactant for hydrothermal prep. of zinc bipyridine dicarboxylate polymeric complex with supertetranuclear core)

IT 553-26-4, 4,4'-Bipyridine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reactant for hydrothermal prep. of zinc bipyridine isophthalato two-dimensional and fumarato three-dimensional polymeric complexes with  $Zn_4O$  and  $Zn_4(OH)_2$  supertetranuclear cores)

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:600949 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:281853  
 TITLE: A Novel Rhombohedral Grid Based on Tetraorganodistannoxane as Corner Unit  
 AUTHOR(S): Xiong, Ren-Gen; Zuo, Jing-Lin; You, Xiao-Zeng; Fun,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Hoong-Kun; Raj, S. Shanmuga Sundara  
 Coordination Chemistry Institute State Key Laboratory  
 of Coordination Chemistry, Nanjing University,  
 Nanjing, 210093, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Organometallics (2000), 19(20), 4183-4186  
 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333 *~ printed*

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:281853

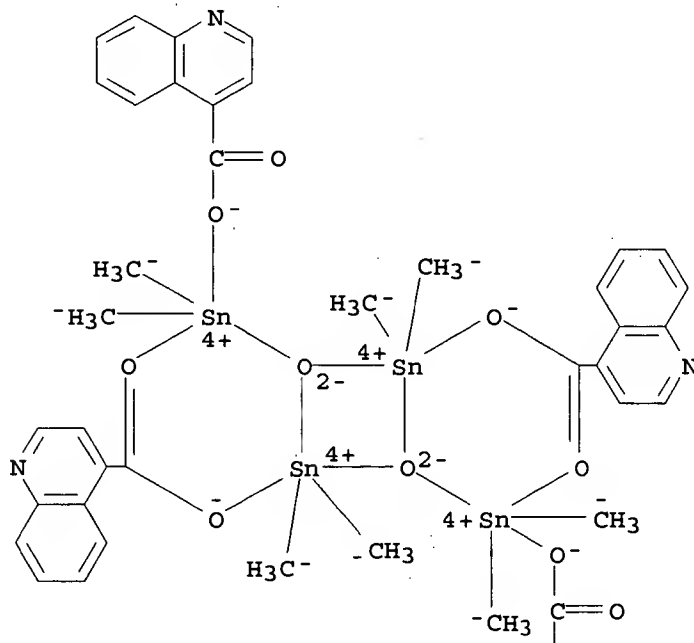
AB Under hydrothermal conditions, the reaction of vanillic acid with trimethyltin chloride gives rise to a novel 2D rhombohedral grid,  $\{([Me_2Sn(VA)0.5]2O)2.cntdot.2H_2O\}_n$  (1), with a tetraorganodistannoxane as corner unit.

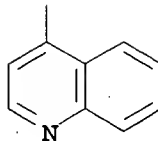
IT 299433-75-3P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn., fluorescence, and crystal structure of)

RN 299433-75-3 CAPLUS

CN Tin, octamethyldi-.mu.-3-oxobis[.mu.-(4-quinolinecarboxylato-.kappa.O4:.kappa.O4')]bis(4-quinolinecarboxylato-.kappa.O4)tetra-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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- CC 29-8 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)  
Section cross-reference(s): 22, 35, 73, 75
- ST crystal structure tetraorganodistannoxane based rhombohedral grid prepn  
**fluorescence**; mol structure tetraorganodistannoxane based  
rhombohedral grid; stannoxane tetraorgano rhombohedral grid prepn  
structure; cis ladder tetraorganodistannoxane acetato bridged prepn  
structure
- IT Ligands  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(bridging, vanillic acid, quinolinecarboxylic acid; in rhombohedral  
grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as corner unit)
- IT Crystal structure  
Molecular structure  
(of rhombohedral grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as corner unit)
- IT Cluster compounds  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(oxygen-tin; rhombohedral grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as  
corner unit)
- IT **Fluorescence**  
(rhombohedral grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as corner unit)
- IT Group IVA element compounds  
Group IVA element compounds  
Group VIA element compounds  
Group VIA element compounds  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(stannoxanes; rhombohedral grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as  
corner unit)
- IT 121-34-6, Vanillic acid 486-74-8, 4-Quinolinecarboxylic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(complexation under hydrothermal conditions with trimethyltin chloride  
to form rhombohedral grid based on tetraorganodistannoxane as corner  
unit)
- IT 1066-45-1, Trimethyltin chloride  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(complexation under hydrothermal conditions with vanillic acid or  
quinolinecarboxylic acid to form rhombohedral grids based on  
tetraorganodistannoxane as corner unit)
- IT 299433-70-8P 299433-75-3P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn., **fluorescence**, and crystal structure of)
- REFERENCE COUNT: 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:147736 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:279294

TITLE: Heterocarboxylates of dibutyltin(IV) aluminium (III) - .mu.-oxo isopropoxy acetate and dibutyltin (IV) aluminium (III) - .mu.-oxo isopropoxide

AUTHOR(S): Aggarwal, A.; Sonika; Aggarwal, S.; Narula, A. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Industrial Chemistry, Guru Jambheshwar University, Hisar, 125001, India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section A: Inorganic, Bio-inorganic, Physical, Theoretical & Analytical Chemistry (1999), 38A(12), 1283-1285  
CODEN: ICACEC; ISSN: 0376-4710

PUBLISHER: National Institute of Science Communication, CSIR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

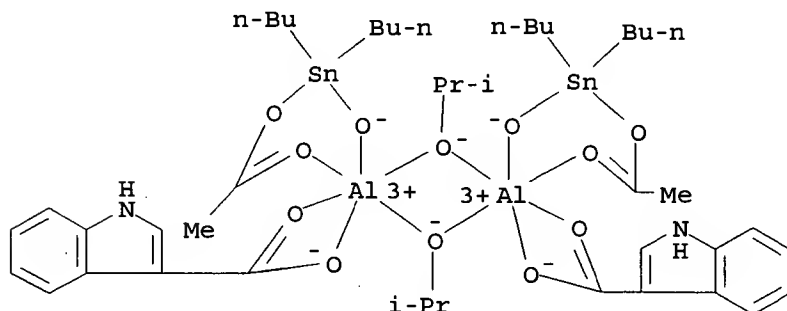
AB Dibutyltin(IV)aluminum(III)-.mu.-oxo isopropoxy acetate, Bu<sub>2</sub>Sn(OAc)OAl(OPri)<sub>2</sub>, (A) and dibutyltin(IV) aluminum(III)-.mu.-oxo isopropoxide, Bu<sub>2</sub>SnO<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>(OPri)<sub>4</sub>, (B) have been synthesized. Reaction of A with heterocarboxylic acids, indole-3-carboxylic (ICH), indole-3-propionic (IPH), indole-3-butyric acid (IBH) and L-tryptophan (TRH), yielded complexes of the types Bu<sub>2</sub>Sn(OAc)OAl(OPri)L and Bu<sub>2</sub>Sn(OAc)OAl(L)<sub>2</sub> (where L = heterocarboxylate anion). Reaction of B with heterocarboxylic acids yielded compds. of the types Bu<sub>2</sub>SnO<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>(OPri)<sub>3</sub>L and Bu<sub>2</sub>SnO<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>(OPri)<sub>2</sub>L<sub>2</sub>. These complexes have been characterized by elemental anal. and spectral studies (IR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, <sup>119</sup>Sn NMR and <sup>27</sup>Al NMR).

IT 263858-82-8P 263858-83-9P 263858-90-8P  
263858-91-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 263858-82-8 CAPLUS

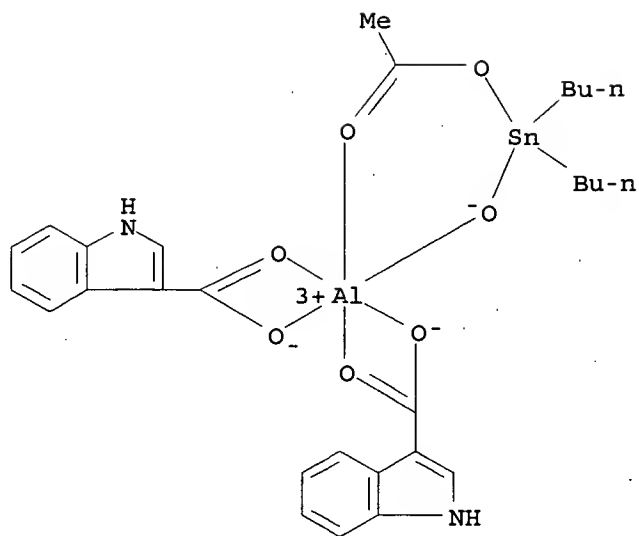
CN Aluminum, bis[[ (acetyl-.kappa.O oxy]dibutyl(hydroxy-.kappa.O)stannanato]bis(1H-indole-3-carboxylato-.kappa.O<sub>3</sub>, .kappa.O<sub>3</sub>')bis[.mu.-(2-propanolato)]di- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 263858-83-9 CAPLUS

CN Aluminum, [[ (acetyl-.kappa.O oxy]dibutyl(hydroxy-.kappa.O)stannanato]bis(1H-indole-3-carboxylato-.kappa.O<sub>3</sub>, .kappa.O<sub>3</sub>') - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

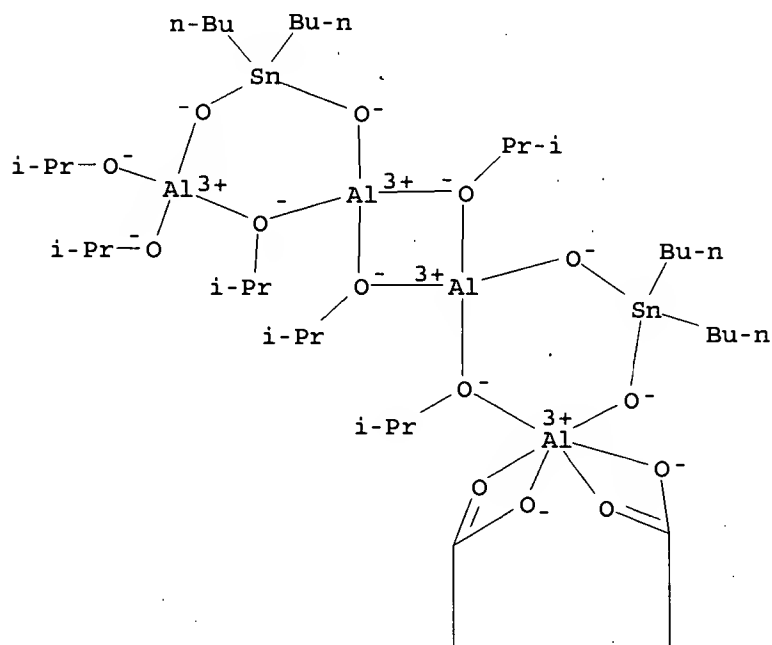




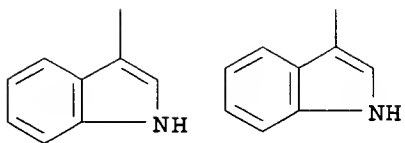
RN 263858-90-8 CAPLUS

CN Aluminum, bis[.mu.-[dibutyl-di(hydroxy-.kappa.O)stannanato(2-)]bis(1H-indole-3-carboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')]tetrakis[.mu.-(2-propanolato)]bis(2-propanolato)tetra- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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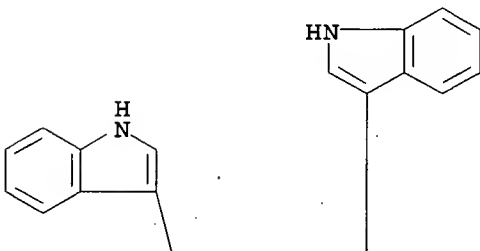
PAGE 2-A



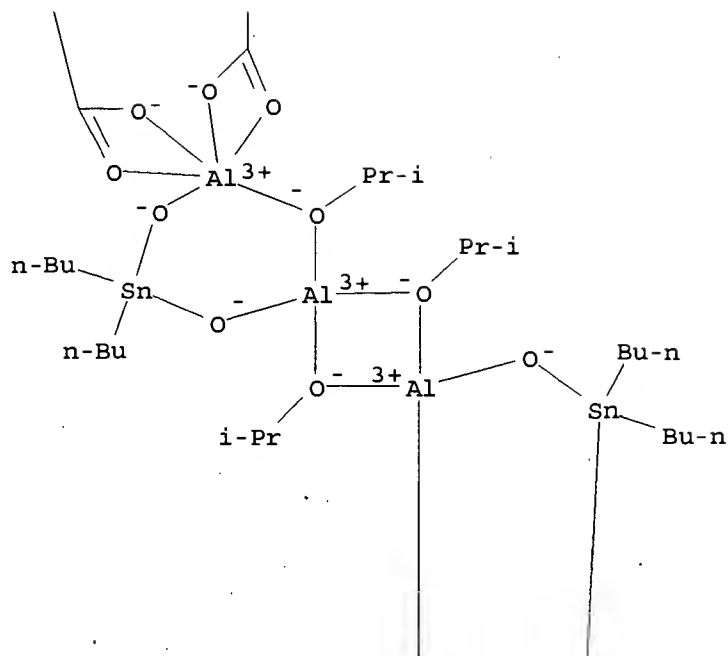
RN 263858-91-9 CAPLUS

CN Aluminum, bis[.mu.-[dibutyldi(hydroxy-.kappa.O)stannanato(2-))]tetrakis(1H-indole-3-carboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')tetrakis[.mu.-(2-propanolato)]tetra- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

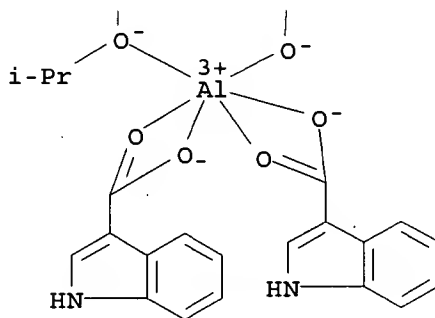
PAGE 1-A



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PAGE 3-A



- CC 29-8 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
- ST aluminum tin heterocarboxylate oxo isopropoxy compd prepn; carboxylic acid  
condensation aluminum tin oxo isopropoxy compd
- IT Carboxylic acids, reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(condensations with aluminum organotin oxo-bridged isopropoxy acetate  
and isopropoxide compds.)
- IT 73-22-3, L-Tryptophan, reactions 133-32-4, Indole-3-butyric acid  
771-50-6, Indole-3-carboxylic acid 830-96-6, Indole-3-propionic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(condensations with aluminum organotin oxo-bridged isopropoxy acetate

and isopropoxide compds.)

IT 156822-67-2 156842-89-6  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (condensations with tryptophan and indolyl carboxylic, propionic, and butyric acids)

IT 263858-82-8P 263858-83-9P 263858-84-0P 263858-85-1P  
 263858-86-2P 263858-87-3P 263858-88-4P 263858-89-5P  
 263858-90-8P 263858-91-9P 263858-92-0P 263858-93-1P  
 263858-94-2P 263858-95-3P 263858-96-4P 263858-97-5P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:361263 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:138367

TITLE: Crystal structure and luminescence of  
 $[Eu_2(o-C_6H_4OCH_2COO)_6(C_{12}H_8N_2)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot nCH_3SO$

AUTHOR(S): Li, Xia; Jin, Lin-Pei; Wang, Shao-Ting; Li, Yan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Capital Normal Univ., Beijing, 100037,  
 Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Wuji Huaxue Xuebao (1999), 15(3), 305-309

CODEN: WHUXEO; ISSN: 1001-4861

PUBLISHER: Wuji Huaxue Xuebao Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB New  $[Eu_2(o-C_6H_4OCH_2COO)_6(phen)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot nCH_3SO$  (I) crystallizes in monoclinic system with space group  $P2_1/c$ ,  $a$  1.2975(3),  $b$  2.6591(9),  $c$  1.2118(3) nm,  $\beta$  96.95(1) degree,  $Z = 2$ ,  $M = 1892.01$ ,  $d_c = 1.577$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>,  $T = 293(2)$  K. The final  $R = 0.0583$ . I is a dimer, which is linked by the bridged **carboxylate** groups to form a binuclear mol. The **carboxylate** groups in the complex are bonded to the Eu ion in the bridged bidentate, the bridged tridentate and the monodentate modes. Eu-Eu distance is 0.4019(1) nm. The results of fluorescence of the complex obsd. at 77K using 337.1 nm radiation show that the only one Eu(III) ion site is in the complex.  $5D_0 \rightarrow 7F_J$  ( $J = 0-2$ ) transition fluorescence spectra combined with the results of x-ray anal. confirm the  $C_2$  symmetry of the Eu(III) ion site.

IT 233679-01-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and crystal structure and fluorescence)

RN 233679-01-1 CAPLUS

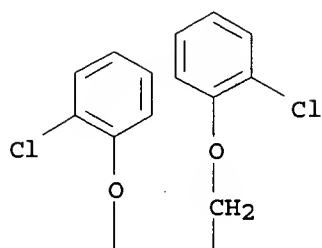
CN Europium, diaquatetrakis[ $\mu$ -(2-chlorophenoxy)acetato- $\kappa^2 O: \kappa^2 O'$ ]]bis[(2-chlorophenoxy)acetato- $\kappa^2 O$ ]bis(1,10-phenanthroline- $\kappa^1 N_1, \kappa^1 N_{10}$ ) di-, compd. with sulfinylbis[methane] (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

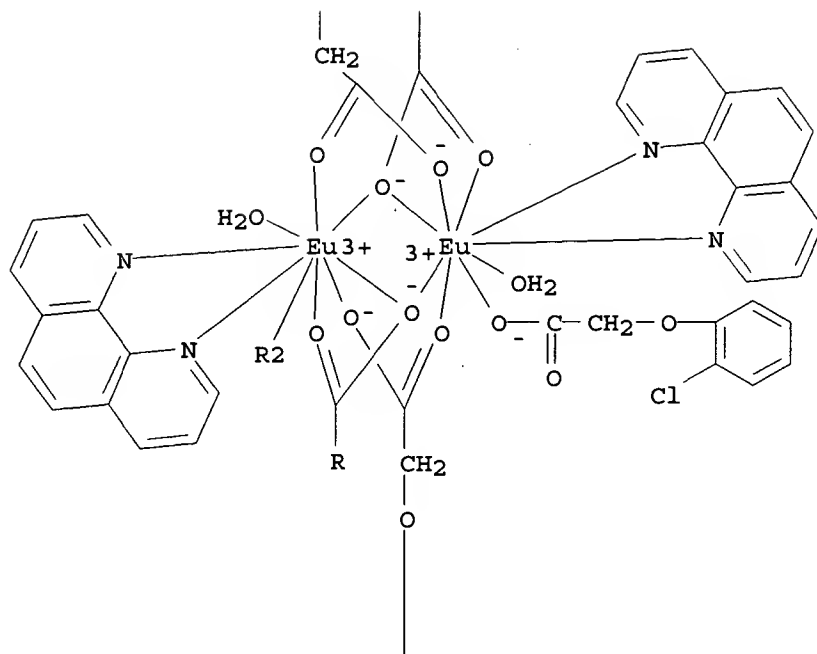
CRN 233679-00-0

CMF C72 H56 Cl6 Eu2 N4 O20  
CCI CCS

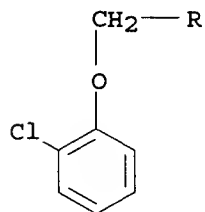
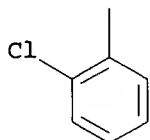
PAGE 1-A

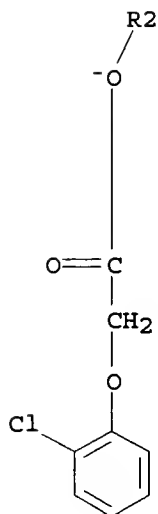


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PAGE 3-A

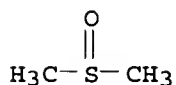




CM 2

CRN 67-68-5

CMF C2 H6 O S



CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 75

ST europium phenoxyacetato phenanthroline dimer prepn structure; crystal structure europium phenoxyacetato phenanthroline dimer; fluorescence europium phenoxyacetato phenanthroline dimer

IT Crystal structure

Fluorescence

Molecular structure

(of europium chlorophenoxyacetate phenanthroline dimeric complex)

IT 233679-01-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and crystal structure and **fluorescence**)

IT 614-61-9, o-Chlorophenoxyacetic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactant for prepn. of europium chlorophenoxyacetate phenanthroline dimeric complex)

L30 ANSWER 12 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:757749 CAPLUS

KOROMA EIC1700

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:66834  
 TITLE: The crystal field in the lanthanide nicotinate  
 AUTHOR(S): Malkin, B. Z.; Vinokurov, A. V.; Baker, J. M.; Leask,  
 M. J. M.; Robinson, M. G.; Hutchison, C. A., Jr.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Physics Department, Kazan State University, Kazan,  
 420008, Russia  
 SOURCE: Proceedings of the Royal Society of London, Series A:  
 Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences  
 (1996), 452(1954), 2509-2526  
 CODEN: PRLAAZ; ISSN: 0962-8444  
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The majority of the exptl. results of previous measurements of optical  
 absorption and **fluorescence**, including the Zeeman effect, of  
 magnetic susceptibility and ESR, on lanthanide nicotinate dihydrates of  
 the heavier half of the lanthanide group, were accounted for by a model of  
 the crystal field. This crystal field is constructed within the framework  
 of the exchange charge model in an approxn. with only four fitted  
 parameters.

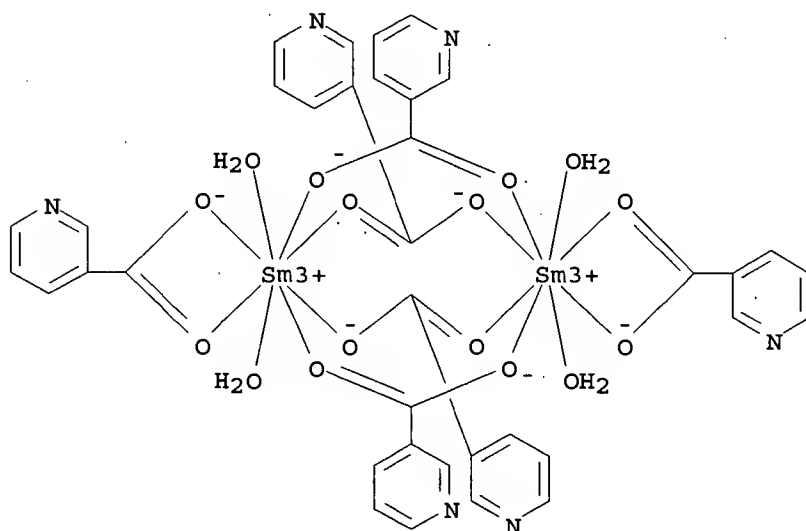
IT 36426-60-5 85645-64-3 95054-25-4  
 96210-21-8 96210-22-9 96500-82-2  
 185215-51-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(crystal field and elec. and optical and magnetic properties for  
 lanthanide nicotinate)

RN 36426-60-5 CAPLUS

CN Samarium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-  
 .kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')di-,  
 stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

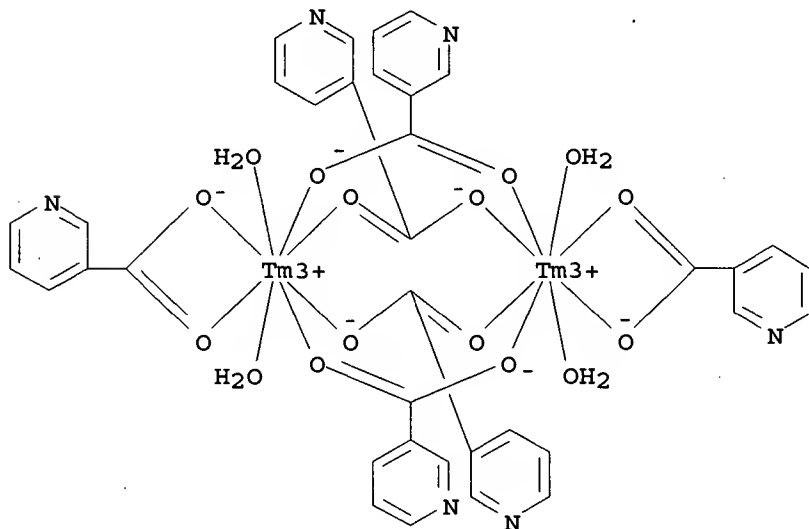


RN 85645-64-3 CAPLUS

KOROMA EIC1700

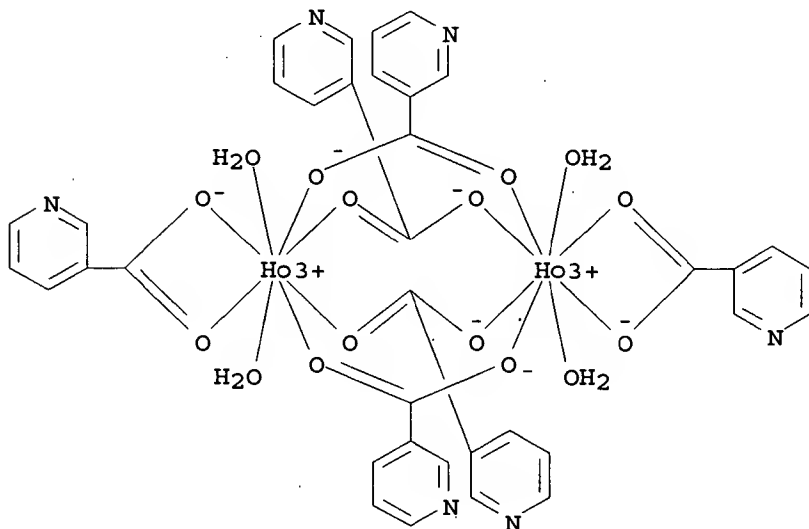


CN Thulium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')di-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 95054-25-4 CAPLUS

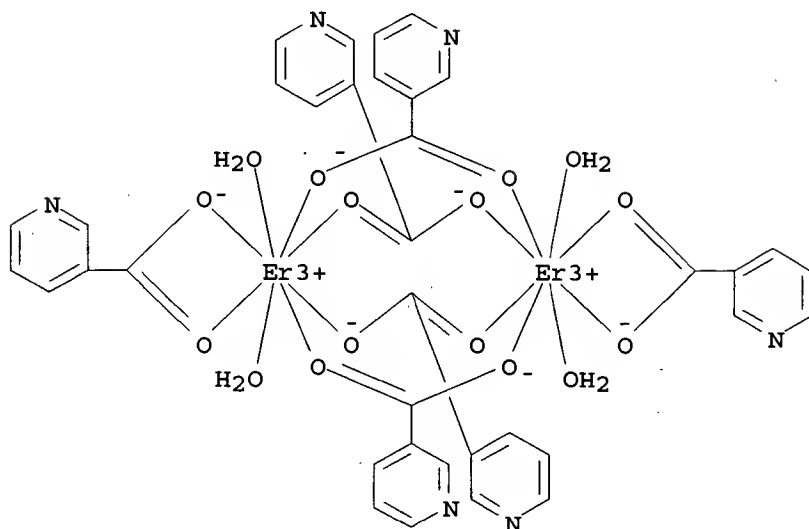
CN Holmium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')di-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96210-21-8 CAPLUS

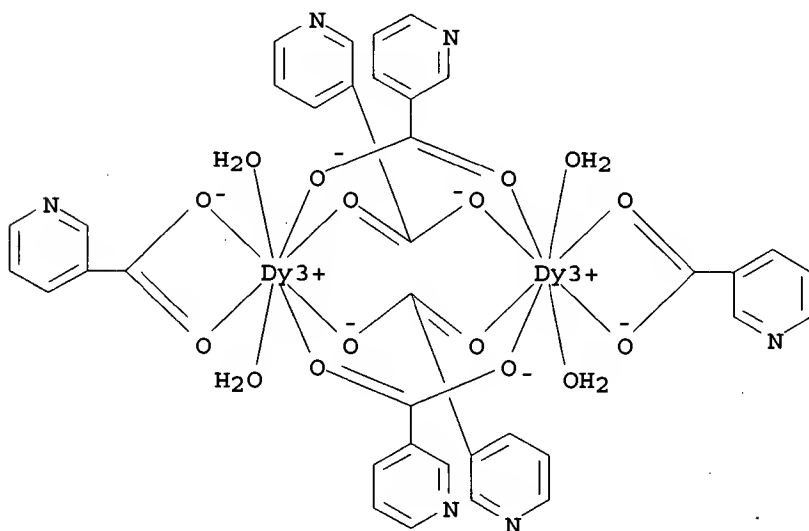
CN Erbium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')di-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96210-22-9 CAPLUS

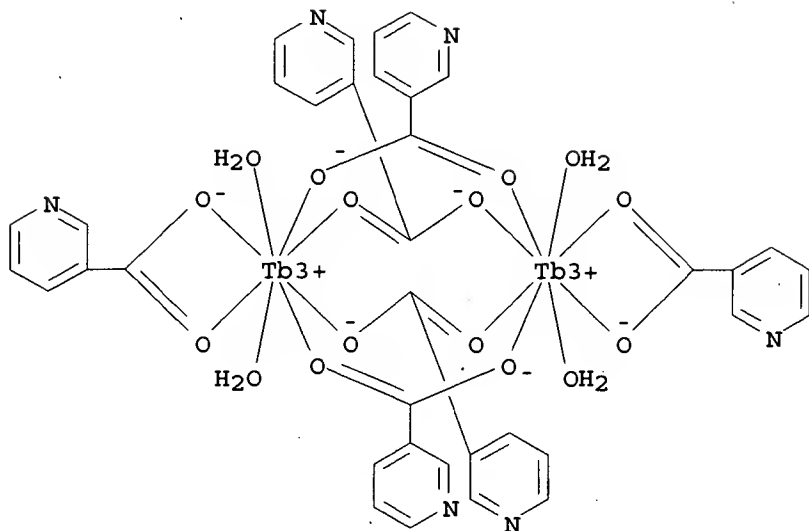
CN Dysprosium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3') di-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96500-82-2 CAPLUS

CN Terbium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3') di-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

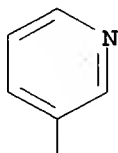
KOROMA EIC1700



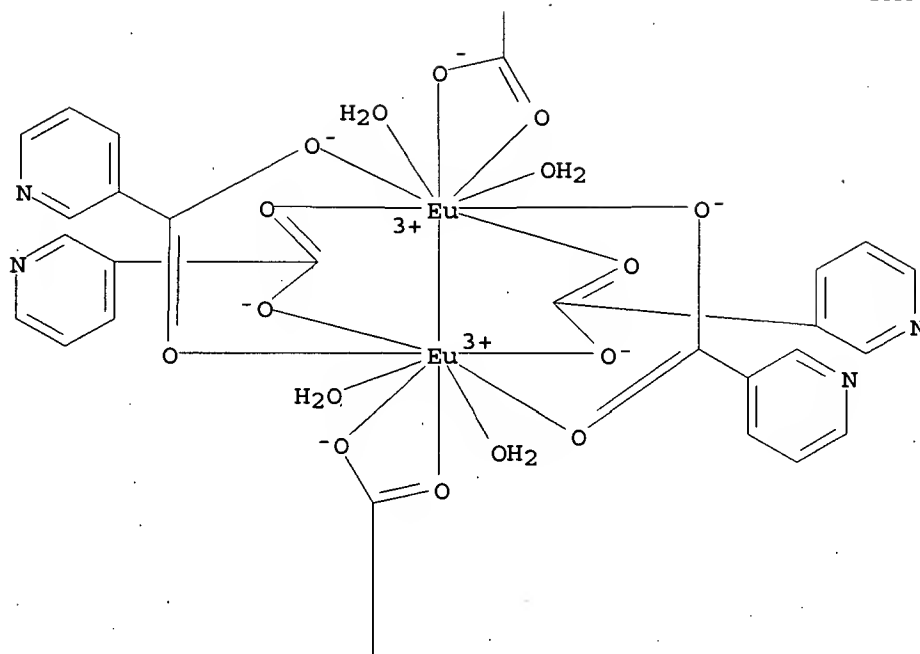
RN 185215-51-4 CAPLUS

CN Europium, tetraaquatetrakis[.mu.-(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3:.kappa.O3')]bis(3-pyridinecarboxylato-.kappa.O3,.kappa.O3')di-, (Eu-Eu) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

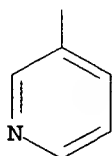
PAGE 1-A



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PAGE 3-A



- CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 65, 76, 77
- ST crystal field lanthanide nicotinate; optical absorption  
**fluorescence** lanthanide nicotinate; Zeeman effect magnetic susceptibility lanthanide nicotinate; ESR g factor lanthanide nicotinate
- IT Crystal field  
 Crystal field splitting  
 Ground state  
 Zero field splitting  
 g-factor  
 (crystal field and elec. and optical and magnetic properties for lanthanide nicotinates)
- IT Energy level splitting  
 (doublet; crystal field and elec. and optical and magnetic properties for lanthanide nicotinates)

IT Rare earth metals, properties  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (ions; crystal field and elec. and optical and magnetic properties for  
 lanthanide nicotinate)

IT 36426-60-5 85645-64-3 95054-25-4  
 96210-21-8 96210-22-9 96500-82-2  
 185215-51-4

RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (crystal field and elec. and optical and magnetic properties for  
 lanthanide nicotinate)

L30 ANSWER 13 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:1004086 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:104675

TITLE: Crystal structure and spectra of Ln(p-  
 ABA)3bpy.cntdot.2H2O complexes

AUTHOR(S): Zheng, Xiao-Mei; Jin, Lin-Pei; Wang, Ming-Zhao; Zhang,  
 Jia-Hua; Lu, Shao-Zhe

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Chem., Beijing Normal Univ., Beijing, 100875,  
 Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao (1995), 16(7), 1007-11  
 CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790

PUBLISHER: Gaodeng Jiaoyu Chubanshe

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB Syntheses of Ln(p-ABA)3bpy.cntdot.2H2O (Ln = Nd, Eu, Yb; p-ABA =  
 p-aminobenzoate; bpy = bipyridine) and their crystal structure, Raman and  
 fluorescence spectra are reported. The crystal belongs to triclinic  
 system with space group P.hivin.1. The coordination no. of the central  
 atom is eight. There are three coordinated modes for **carboxylate**  
 groups: unidentate, bidentate and bridged. Raman spectra of the complexes  
 indicate that there are more than one coordinated modes for the  
**carboxylate** groups. This is in good agreement with the result of  
 x-ray anal. The high resoln. spectra of Eu(p-ABA)3bpy.cntdot.2H2O show  
 only one Eu(III) ion site in the complex. The symmetry for the Eu(III)  
 site is C1.

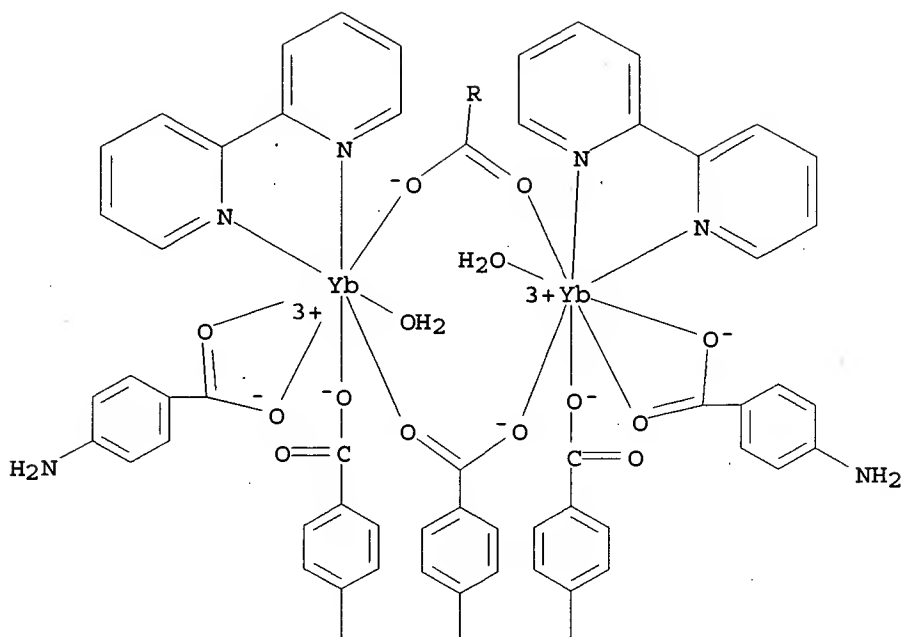
IT 172917-92-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and crystal structure of)

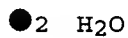
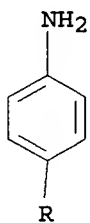
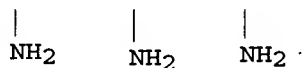
RN 172917-92-9 CAPLUS

CN Ytterbium, bis[.mu.-(4-aminobenzoato-O:O')]bis(4-aminobenzoato-O)bis(4-  
 aminobenzoato-O,O')diaquabis(2,2'-bipyridine-N,N')di-, dihydrate (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



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IT 172917-90-7P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn., crystal structure and Raman spectrum of)

RN 172917-90-7 CAPLUS

CN Neodymium, bis[.mu.-(4-aminobenzoato-O:O')]bis(4-aminobenzoato-O)bis(4-aminobenzoato-O,O')diaquabis(2,2'-bipyridine-N,N')di-, dihydrate (9CI)

KOROMA EIC1700